



KOLEJ YAYASAN PELAJARAN JOHOR FINAL EXAM

COURSE

HOSPITALITY SALES AND MARKETING

COURSE CODE

DHM 3153

EXAMINATION

MAY 2016

TIME

3 HOURS

INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES

This examination paper consists of THREE (3) Parts:

:

PART A (20 MARKS)

PART B (40 MARKS) PART C (40 MARKS)

- 2. Answer ALL questions.
- 3. Candidates are not allowed to bring any material to examination room **EXCEPT** with the permission of invigilator.
- 4. Please make sure that all material is available during this examination session:
 - Question paper
 - ii. OMR Form
 - iii. Answering Booklet



SECTION A [Total: 20 marks]
MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

evaluations of performance.

INSTRUCTION: Answer ALL questions. Please use OMR sheet provided

1.	Markets can be defined as
	A. The set of actual and potential buyers of a product and services
	B. The set of future need and want to be fulfilled
	C. The set of future marketing
	D. The set of actual need, want and demand in order to achieve better lives
	relationships.
2.	The marketing process begins with a determination of
	A. needs, wants, and demands
	B. products and services
	C. markets
	D. resource
3.	Service quality is a
	A. Level of performance by comparing current performance against performance
	of others company.
	B. Psychological factor that affect purchasing behavior.
	C. Targeting two or more distinct market segment with different marketing mix.
	D. Perception resulting from attitudes formed by customer's long term, overall

D. market operation

4	Which of the followings is the process to determine service quality?
4.	A. Marketing
	B. Heterogeneity.
	C. Benchmarking.
	D. Sustainability.
5.	What is Macroenvironment?
	A. It is the smaller societal forces that affect the microenvironment.
	B. It is the larger societal forces that affect the microenvironment.
	C. It is equal to the societal forces that improve the microenvironment.
	D. It is better that societal forces that not improve the microenvironment.
6.	Which of the following best describes the environment that contains the larger social forces that affect the company level of environment; demographic,
	economic, natural, technological, political and cultural forces?
	A. Microenvironment
	B. Macroenvironment
	C. Global environment
	D. Networked environment
7.	The art and science of choosing target markets and building profitable relationships with them. This is called as A. market segmentation
7.	with them. This is called as

8.	The following is NOT the principle reason for segmentation								
	A. Which segments should we pursue?								
	B. What are they looking for in our types of product or service?								
	C. Where will they buy our product?								
	D. When do we promote them?								
9.	Social class category is usually measured according to which of the following?								
	A. Beliefs.								
	B. Lifestyle.								
	C. Saving.								
	D. Education.								
10.	Stages of consumer decision making process logically consists of the following:								
	A. Trial >>> purchase >>> post-purchase evaluation								
	B. External influences >>> consumer decision making >>> post-decision								
	behaviour								
	C. Need recognition >>> pre-purchase searching >>> evaluation of alternatives								
	D. Input >>> process >>> output								
11.	are products and services bought by final consumers for personal								
	consumption. These include convenience products, shopping products, specialty								
	products, and unsought products.								
	A. Ideas								
	B. Services								
	C. Consumer products								
	D. Industrial products								

12.	At	which	stage	of	the	new	product	development	process	will	the	organisation
í	ass	sess th	e targe	t m	arke	t and	all aspec	cts of the mark	eting mix	to b	e im	plemented?

- A. Idea generation
- B. Idea screening
- C. Test marketing
- D. Marketing strategy development

40	Discourse the second control of the second		Lating mix that	produces	
1.3.	Price is the only elem	ent in the mai	keung mix mat	produces	

- A. revenue
- B. expenses
- C. liability
- D. costs

14. The followings are the pricing strategies, EXCEPT	
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- A. neutral
- B. medium
- C. skimming
- D. penetration

15. A pull strategy involves which of the following?

- A. A pull strategy involves an attempt to sell into channel intermediaries (e.g. retailers) and is dependent on personal selling and trade promotions.
- B. A pull strategy involves bypassing intermediaries to communicate to consumers directly.
- C. A pull strategy involves motivating customers to seek out product in an active process.
- D. A pull strategy involves small promotional expenditure throughout the duration of an advertising campaign, due to product unsuitability to advertising campaigns

16. The followings are example of pull factics, EXCEPT
A. word-of-mouth referrals
B. mass media promotion
C. point-of-sale displays
D. sales promotions and discounts
17. In an online market, which of the following is less likely to occur than in a traditional market?
A. Brand switching
B. True brand loyalty
C. Purchase of goods
D. Price as a choice criteria
18. Where publicity is generated from word of mouth recommendations on the Interne
or email, this is referred to as which of the following?
A. Spam mail
B. E-mail publicity marketing
C. Viral marketing
D. Review marketing
19. The followings are the nature of the hospitality sales, EXCEPT .
A. prospecting
B. targeting
C. selling
D. buying

- 20. Which of the followings is referring to the objective of the sale force?
 - A. Locating and cultivating new customers.
 - B. Providing information regarding company's product and services.
 - C. Assist sales force members to plan and execute their sales program.
 - D. Conduct market research and intelligent work.

PART B (40 MARKS) SHORT-STRUCTURED QUESTIONS.

INSTRUCTION: Answer ALL Questions. This section consists of TEN (10) questions. Please use answer booklet provided.

1.	Give TWO (2) basic concepts of sales and marketing.	(2 marks)
2.	Define service. Identify FOUR (4) characteristics of service.	(5 marks)
3.	List FIVE (5) factors of Marketing Environment.	(5 marks)
4.	Briefly explain THREE (3) factors influences consumer behavior.	(6 marks)
5.	Give example for each of the followings: i) Geographic variables ii) Demographic variables	(2 marks)
6.	Identify the FIVE (5) steps in new product development process.	(5 marks)

7.	Briefly discuss THREE (3) types of pricing strategies.	(6 marks)
8.	Give TWO (2) reasons why advertising is important.	(2 marks)
9.	List FIVE (5) types of electronic marketing.	(5 marks)
10.	Give TWO (2) sales positions of hospitality industry.	(2 marks)

PART C (40 MARKS)
LONG-STRUCTURED QUESTIONS.

INSTRUCTION: Answer ALL Questions. This section consists of FOUR (4) questions. Please use answer booklet provided.

 Explain sales and marketing. Discuss FOUR (4) differences between sales and marketing.

(10 marks)

2. As hospitality marketing manager, apply the market segmentation decision process in choosing a high potential market to be potential consumer.

(10 marks)

 Your manager has assigned you as a salesperson to sell new product to the company client. Apply the personal selling process with the guidance of appropriate diagram.

(10 marks)

4. Based on your understanding, explain **FIVE** (5) characteristics a good sales representative.

(10 marks)

END OF QUESTION PAPER

