

D2 2
D3 5

**SCHOOL OF HOSPITALITY AND TOURISM
KOLEJ YAYASAN PELAJARAN JOHOR**

**FINAL EXAMINATION
SEMESTER JANUARY 2015**

COURSE	:	CULTURE STUDIES
COURSE CODE	:	DCA 1093
TIME / DURATION	:	9.00 AM -12.00 PM (3 HOURS)
DATE	:	7 MAY 2015

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. This examination paper consists of **FIVE(5) Parts:**
 - PART A (20 Marks)**
 - PART B (20 Marks)**
 - PART C (20 Marks)**
 - PART D (20 Marks)**
 - PART E (20 Marks)**
2. Answer **ALL** questions.
3. Candidates are not allowed to bring any material to examination room **EXCEPT** with the permission of invigilator.
4. Please make sure that all material is available during this examination session:
 - i. Question paper
 - ii. OMR Form
 - iii. Answering Booklet

THERE ARE 8 PAGES OF QUESTIONS, INCLUDING THIS PAGE

PART A (Total : 20 Marks)**TRUE AND FALSE****INSTRUCTION** : There are **TWENTY (20)** questions in this part.: Answer **ALL** Questions**Please use the OMR sheet provided.**

1. Tempoyak is a popular Malay delicacy and it is durian extract which is preserved.
2. Nasi Kerabu is a type of rice which is yellow in colour, originated in Kelantan state.
3. Ketupat is a type of glutinous rice dumpling that has been wrapped in a woven palm leaf pouch and boiled.
4. Bakkwa is barbecued pork and it literally means dried meat.
5. Teh tarik is prepared using out-stretched hands to pour piping hot tea from a mug into a waiting glass.
6. Sayur Lodeh is a stew of vegetables cooked in a lightly spiced coconut milk gravy.
7. Hangul day is a day to celebrate the creation of the language in Italy.
8. Koreans believe in ying and yang which are the positive and negative forces and which have to be balanced to establish a harmonious living.
9. South Korean food is rich in spices and is cooked in sesame oil, *doenjang*, soy sauce and *gochujang* (red chilli paste).
10. The traditional dress of Korea is known as the hanbok, which consisted of a shirts and pants.
11. Doll festival is the day families pray for the happiness and prosperity of their girls and to help ensure that they grow up healthy and beautiful.
12. Russian celebrates the entire season of the cherry blossoms which include having food and at night beautiful lanterns.
13. 7-5-3 festival or *Shichigosan* will celebrate by Japanese which five years old boys and seven or three year old girls are taken to the local shrine to pray for their safe and healthy future.
14. It is customary on Children's day or *kodomo-no-hi*, families with male children to fly *koinobori* outside the house.

15. Judo is a traditional sports which two wrestlers face each other in a ring and the wrestler who brings his opponent down to the ground or pushes him out of the ring is the winner.
16. Two uniquely Japanese foods are Borsch and pasta.
17. Bring a small present or "*omiyage*" is one of the Japanese etiquette if someone is invited into Japanese house.
18. In Sarawak, the dominant tribal groups are either Iban (Sea Dayak) or Bidayuh (land Dayak).
19. Islamic dietary laws forbid the eating of pork and the drinking of alcohol, and this law is enforced strictly throughout Saudi Arabia.
20. In Saudi Arabia, the dead are washed, wrapped in seamless shrouds, and buried in graves facing Mecca without coffins or markers.

PART B (Total : 20 Marks)**FILL IN THE BLANKS**

INSTRUCTION: There are **TWENTY (20)** questions in this part.

: Answer **ALL** questions.

Please use the answer booklet provided.

Stone Jumping	<i>Kha kai yam</i>	Shabu-shabu	Muay Thai	<i>Banana Leaf Rice</i>
Flat breads fatir	Som Tam	<i>Kabsa</i>	<i>O-Jama-Shimasu</i>	<i>Hina Ningyo</i>
Babi guling	Keropok Lekor	<i>Abaya</i>	<i>Seiza</i>	<i>Ayam Pongteh</i>
Harmony	Loy Krathong	Bedouin	<i>Wai</i>	<i>Manok Pansoh</i>

1. The most popular food in Saudi Arabia is _____ which is rice and meat.
2. _____ is a flat bread cooked on a curved metal pan over a fire.
3. Women in Saudi Arabia are required to wear an _____ and *niqab* when in public.
4. _____ position can be difficult and painful for Japanese themselves, especially taller people.
5. _____ is the guiding philosophy for the Japanese in family and business settings and in society as a whole.
6. Tiered platforms for _____ are set up in the home, and the family celebrates with a special meal of *hishimochi*.
7. The act of floating away the candle raft is symbolic of letting go of all anger can be found in _____ festival.
8. _____ involves leaping over a stone wall about up to 1.5 meter high and was originally used to train warriors.
9. _____ is a traditional Balinese dish.
10. _____ is a person places the palm of his or her hands together, with their fingers extended at chest level close to their body and bows slightly.
11. In Thailand, a creamy coconut milk soup made with chicken called _____.
12. The spicy green papaya salad highly popular in the Northeast Thailand, also known as _____.

13. _____ is a specialty of the state of Terengganu and other states on the East Coast of Peninsula Malaysia. It can be sliced and fried before serving.
14. _____ is white rice served on banana leaf with an assortment of vegetables, curry meat or fish and papadum.
15. A chicken stew cooked with tauchu or salted soy beans and gula Melaka also known as _____.
16. _____ is a traditional Iban cuisine and chicken is cooked in a bamboo until tender and complimented with lemongrass, ginger and tapioca leaves.
17. _____ is probably the most popular spectator sport in Thailand.
18. When entering someone's house in Japan, the guest should say _____.
19. _____ is beef and vegetables cooked in broth but then dipped in flavorful sauces.
20. Camel milk has long been the staple of the _____ diet.

PART C (Total: 20 marks)**TERMINOLOGY**

INSTRUCTION: There are **TEN (10)** questions in this part.

: Answer **TEN (10)** questions only.

Please use the answer booklet provided.

DEFINE TERMINOLOGIES

1. Loy Krathong
2. Songkran
3. Bak Kut Teh
4. Kimchi
5. Chuseok
6. Jeongak
7. Bakkwa
8. Japanese Tea Ceremony
9. Maiko
10. Geisha

PART D (Total: 20 Marks)**SHORT ESSAY**

INSTRUCTION: There are **FOUR (4)** questions in this part.

: Answer **ALL** questions given.

Please use the answer booklet provided.

Question 1

List down any **FIVE (5)** Festivals celebrated by Korean.

(5 Marks)

Question 2

State any **FIVE (5)** of gift giving etiquette to Malays.

(5 Marks)

Question 3

Give any **FIVE (5)** of Sarawak indigenous cuisine.

(5 Marks)

Question 4

How Thai's people celebrate *Loy Krathong festival* and why they celebrate?

(5 Marks)

PART E (Total: 20 Marks)
LONG ESSAY

INSTRUCTION: There are **TWO (2)** questions in this part.

: Answer **ALL** questions given.

Please use the answer booklet provided.

Question 1

In Indonesia, **Sambals** come in many varieties but the base for any **Sambal** will be chillies, garlic, shallots and salt.

State and explain any **FIVE (5)** of common **Sambal** in Indonesia.

(10 marks)

Question 2

Matsuri is the Japanese word for a festival or holiday. In Japan, festivals are usually sponsored by a local shrine or temple and often broadcast on television for the entire nation to enjoy..

Briefly explain any **Five (5) Festival** celebrated by Japanese.

(10 marks)

END OF QUESTION PAPER

