

KOLEJ YAYASAN PELAJARAN JOHOR FINAL EXAMINATION

COURSE NAME

: HALAL STANDARD AND LAW

COURSE CODE

: DHF2063

EXAMINATION

: APRIL 2019

DURATION

: 3 HOURS

INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES

1. This examination paper consists of FOUR (4) parts:

PART A (20 Marks)

PART B (20 Marks)

PART C (40 Marks)

PART D (20 Marks)

- 2. Candidates are not allowed to bring any material to the examination room except with the permission from the invigilator.
- Please check to make sure that this examination pack consists of:
 - i. Question Paper
 - ii. Objective Answer Paper
 - iii. Answer Booklet

DO NOT TURN THIS PAGE UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

This examination paper consists of 15 printed pages including front page

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PART A

This part contains of TWENTY (20) multiple questions.

Answer ALL in Objective Answer Paper.

- Which one is true about Food Act 1983 under the provision section 10
 (Food premises or appliances must be in hygienic and sanitary condition) .
 - A This provision section is about the hygiene in a kitchen.
 - **B** This provision section is about halal food administration.
 - C This provision section is about the management of records of hygiene and sanitation.
 - **D** This provision section is about hygiene and sanitary conditions of a food premises.
- 2. What is the importance of custom order (prohibition of imports)1988?
 - A To control tax from foreign ship.
 - B To control import and export things to Malaysia.
 - C Requires that all meat and livestock imported into Malaysia to be halal.
 - **D** This order provides a control over the import of milk and milk products, poultry fat, lard, pig fats and other.
- 3. Under provisions Section 16 (false labelling) in Food Act 1983, which penalty will be imposed on companies that fail to comply with the rules?
 - A Imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years (3) or to fine or to both.
 - **B** Fine not exceeding thirty thousand ringgit (Rm30 000) or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding five (5) years or to both.
 - C Fine not exceeding fifty thousand ringgit (Rm50 000) or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding eight (8) years or to both.
 - D Fine not exceeding one hundred thousand ringgit (Rm100 000) or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding ten (10) years or to both.

SULIT

4.	The	Syariah	Court	is	classified	into	three	categories,	choose	the	correct
	categories for syariah court :										
	i. Syariah Subordinate (lower) Court										
	ii.	High C	ourt of	Ma	alavsia						

iv. Syariah High Court

Syariah Appeal Court.

Ai,ii Bi,iii, iv

iii.

C iii , iv

D i, ii, iii, iv

5. Hudud crimes and their punishments are mentioned clearly in the text of the Quran and in the Hadith of the Prophet Muhammad. The crimes of Hudud are limited to ______. Choose the correct answer.

- i. zina.
- ii. theft.
- iii. rebellion.
- iv. drinking sparkling.
- A iv, iii
- Bii,iii
- Ci, ii, iii
- D i, ii, iii , iv

6. Why do we need to slaughter an animal according to shariah law?

- A To get energy.
- B To sell the meat.
- C To fasten the death of an animal.
- D To cut the trachea and aesophagus completely according to shariah law.

- 7. Choose the correct Malaysian standard that is related wih halal food-production, preparation, handing and storage- general guidelines (second revision)?
 - A MS2392:2010
 - B MS2400:2010
 - C MS1500:2004
 - D MS1500:2009
- 8. Halal food means food and drink and/or their ingredients permitted under the Shariah law and fulfill the following conditions, EXCEPT:
 - A Does not contain any parts or products of animals that are non-halal by Shariah law or any parts or products of animals which are not slaughtered according to Shariah law.
 - B Safe for consumption, non-poisonous, non-intoxicating or non-hazardous to health.
 - C Not prepared, processed or manufactured using equipment contaminated with najs according to Shariah law.
 - D Prepared by non muslims operator and produce in muslim company.
- **9.** Choose the requirements needed in implementing the halal assurance system?
 - i. Premises
 - ii. Legal requirements
 - iii. Packaging and labelling
 - iv. Management responsibilities
 - A i, ii
 - B iii, iv
 - C i, ii, iv
 - D i, ii, iii, iv

- 10. What implentations that halal food manufactures shall measures?
 - i. inspect and sort raw material, ingredients and packaging material before processing.
 - ii. manage waste effectively.
 - iii. store harmful chemical substances appropriately and away from ha/al food.
 - iv. prevent contamination of foods by foreign matters.
 - Aí, ii
 - Biii, iv
 - C i, ii, iv
 - Di, ii, iii, iv
- 11. All above statement are the correct answer for sources of halal food and drink, EXCEPT:
 - A Animal: All land animas are halal to consume.
 - B Aquatic Animal: All aquatic animal halal to eat.
 - C Drinks: All kinds of water and beverages are halal.
 - D Plant: All types of plants and plant products and their derivatives are halal except those that are poisonous, intoxicating or hazardous to health.
- 12. Why do we need to do an inspections for halal food operations?
 - A To guide them.
 - B To fullfill the jobscope as an auditor.
 - C To get more money from them if they had an offence.
 - D To make sure the halal assurance system in their organization is applied.

- **13.** JAKIM conducts spontaneous monitoring inspection in two ways which is periodic monitoring and public complaint monitoring. Which one is true about periodic monitoring?
 - i. To get more engagement with the company and JAKIM.
 - ii. This is scheduled monthly with priority given to high risk companies.
 - iii. Monitoring inspections on such companies may take place more than.
 - iv. Which is conducted on JAKIM halal certificate holders at least once a year.
 - A i, ii, iii
 - Bi,ii
 - C iii, iv
 - D ii, iii, iv
- 14. During process of inspections, the food company has some non conformances that will lead the company to suspended halal certification. As an owner of company what will you do to overcome the non conformances that exist in your food establishment?
 - A Fired all workers.
 - B Make a new rules and regulations.
 - C Still operate your business as usual.
 - D Do a corrective action in your food establishment.

- **15.** In processing of halal food, which criteria is true about slaughtering process according to shariah law.
 - Animals to be slaughtered shall be healthy and have been approved by the competent authority.
 - ii. The slaughtering is recommended to be performed while facing the giblah.
 - iii. Slaughtering knife or blade shall be sharp and free from blood and other impurities.
 - iv. Slaughtering shall be done only once. The "sawing action" of the slaughtering is permitted as long as the slaughtering knife or blade is not lifted off the animal during the slaughtering.
 - Al, ii
 - Bii,iii
 - C i, ii, iv
 - Di, ii, iii, iv
- **16.** During processing of halal food, how you can control food from contaminate with najs and dirt?
 - A ask workers to work harder.
 - B check the standard operation procedure.
 - C top management verify all the documentations.
 - D record all activities and check halal food process flow to implement halal control.

- 17. Malaysia is doing its best to promote itself into becoming a major player in the halal industry. There is 4 types of monitoring of inspection. Choose the correct types of monitoring inspection.
 - i. Periodic inspection
 - ii. Follow up inspection
 - iii. Enforcement inspection
 - iv. Public complaint inspection
 - Ai,ii
 - B iii, iv
 - C i, ii , iii
 - D i, ii, iii, iv
- **18.** There are three types of offences in inspections. One of them is minor offences. In this offences, choose the correct actions that will be taken by the officers.
 - i. Issue a reminder notice
 - ii. Conduct follow up inspection
 - iii. The company will be blacklisted
 - iv. Certificate will be held if the company failed to comply with instruction
 - A i, ii, iii
 - B iii, iv
 - C i, ii ,iv
 - D iv, ii

- 19. The Muzakarah of the 22th Malaysian Islamic Religious Affairs Council of the Council for the 22th Malaysian Islamic Religious Affairs meeting convened on 24 November 1988 discussed Alcohol as a Lightweight Liquorizer. The Muzakarah has decided that the cordial containing flavors of alcohol inserted for stabilization purposes should be used for drinking purposes if:
 - A alcohol are from plant.
 - B alcohol are from any part of animal.
 - C alcohol is come from the khamr fermentation.
 - D alcohol is not come from the process or khamr and the quantity of alcohol are small and not drunk.
- 20. In what year, MS1500 guidelines is first drafted in Malaysia?
 - A 2009
 - **B** 2008
 - C 1983
 - D 2004

[20 marks]

PART B
This part contains of **TWENTY (20)** fill in the blank questions.
Answer ALL questions.

Competent	Establishment	Beer	Water	Monitored	
Instant food	Slaughtering	Neck	Slaughterman	Imported	
Aquatic animal	hudud	Certify	Closure	Syariah	
Premise	Observe	Halqum	Offence	Khamr	
Record	person	Process	Cafe	Predator birds	

٠.	Department of Islamic Development Ivialaysia (Jakim) and State Islamic
	Religious Council respectively shall be the competent authority to
	that any food, goods or services in relation to food or goods is
	lawful under the Trade Descriptions (Interpretation of halal) 2011.
2.	All food, goods or services in relation to the food or goods, shall not be described as "halal" except it is certified as halal by the authority and it is marked with a logo as specified in 1st schedule.
	·
3.	All food or goods marketed in Malaysia shall not be described as
	"halai" except if it certified as halal by the foreign halal certification body as recognized by JAKIM.
4.	Any application for the and the halal certificate shall comply with
	all the requirements as deemed fit by the Chief Director of JAKIM.
_	15.0 4
5.	When the or appliances was found not comply with the
	requirements, the owner will receive letter in writing which order the premise
	or the appliances must be in hygiene and sanitary conditions within given
	period until Director or the authorized officer satisfied.

6.	Section 11 (of insanitary premises).	
7.	Section 13 (1) Food Containing Injurious to health.	
8.	Any who prepares or sells any food that has in or upon it any substance which is poisonous, harmful or otherwise injurious to health.	
9.	According to law, the word 'offence' means to do what has been prohibited by Syariah or not to do what has been ordered by Syariah to be done, for which the punishment has been prescribed.	
10.	crimes and their punishments are mentioned clearly in the text of the Quran and in the Hadith of the Prophet Muhammad.	C
11.	The process shall take into account animal welfare in accordance to Shariah law.	
12.	The shall have certificate for halal slaughter issued by a competent authority.	
13.	All kinds of and beverages are halal as drinks except those that are poisonous, intoxicating or hazardous to health	
14.	are those which live in water and cannot survive outside it, such as fish.	C
15.	The slaughter act shall sever the trachea (), oesophagus (mari) and both the carotid arteries and jugular veins (wadajain) to hasten the bleeding and death of the animal.	
16.	All factories manufacturing products/ food premises/ slaughterhouses which have received Halal certificates from authorized bodies or those using the Halal label or Halal logo should be	·

[20 marks]

17. JAKIM objectives	is to review,	and oversee all food	products and
halai personal ca	re, and guaranteed the	cleanliness efficiently an	d effectively.
18. Any	noted after the monito	ring inspection are categ	gorized into 3
(THREE) stages	and their actions to be t	aken.	
means any false supplied by him of to or approved department or a	e indication direct or i or any methods adopted by any person includi	ny trade or business given indirect that any goods of by him are or are of a ling any government or ational body or agency an offence.	or services kind supplied government
Council for the 22	th Malaysian Islamic R	lamic Religious Affairs G eligious Affairs meeting as a Lightweight Liqu	convened on

SULIT 12

PART C

This part contains of **ELEVEN (11)** short structured questions.

Answer ALL in Answer Booklet.

QUESTION 1

Give four (4) sources of halal legislation in Malaysia.

(4 marks)

QUESTION 2

List two (2) provisions which is under Trade Description (Definition of Halal) Order 2011 and Trade Description (Certifications and marking of halal) Order 2011.

(2 marks)

QUESTION 3

Illustrate the latest JAKIM halal logo for food preparation and handling.

(2 marks)

QUESTION 4

In Food Act 1983, there is eight section has been used in the enforcement of halal. Under the provision of this act, state eight (8) sections that involves in halal enforcement.

(8 marks)

QUESTION 5

Give definition for Shariah Law.

(2 marks)

QUESTION 6

List two (2) jurisdiction of the Shariah court.

(2 marks)

QUESTION 7

Explain three (3) types of najs according to shariah law (Islamic regulations).

(6 marks)

QUESTION 8

Give definition of slaughtering process according to Shariah law.

(2 marks)

QUESTION 9

List four (4) halal enforcement agencies in Malaysia.

(4 marks)

QUESTION 10

If a halal certificate holder commits a major or serious offence, the certificate will be withdrawn immediately. State the follow-up action taken by JAKIM/MAIN/JAIN to overcome this case?

(2 marks)

QUESTION 11

Explain three (3) types of offence that usually happen during inspections by JAKIM.

(6 marks)

[40 MARKS]

SULIT 14

PART D

This part contains of TWO (2) structured questions.

Answer ALL in answer booklet.

QUESTION 1

Ahmad and Saleh were enjoying their picnic. Suddenly Ahmad found something strange at packaging of carbonated drink that she just bought from the nearest mart. The carbonated drink was used false labelling and did not have any certified of halal JAKIM. So, help Ahmad and Saleh by answer the questions below:

a. As a halal foodservice student, referring to this case, the company which produced the drinks may be charged under which act? Explain about the act involves regarding the problem above and state two (2) reasons why marking of food is so important nowadays.

(10 marks)

QUESTION 2

In order to comply with MS1500:2009, the organizations need to appoint Muslim Halal checker, Muslim Halal head checker and Muslim Halal supervisor. State the definition and discuss the responsibilities of Muslim Halal checker, Muslim Halal head checker and Muslim Halal supervisor accordingly in slaughtering industry.

(10 marks)

[20 MARKS]