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**KOLEJ YAYASAN PELAJARAN JOHOR  
ONLINE FINAL EXAMINATION**

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**COURSE NAME : CULTURE STUDIES**  
**COURSE CODE : DCA 1093**  
**EXAMINATION : DECEMBER 2021**  
**DURATION : 3 HOURS**

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**INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES**

1. This question paper consists of **FOUR (4)** parts:  
PART A (15 Marks)  
PART B (15 Marks)  
PART C (50 Marks)  
PART D (20 Marks)
2. Please refer to the detailed instructions in this question paper.
3. Students are allowed to refer to resources such as lecture notes, books, internet or any other relevant resources.
4. Answer ALL questions in the answer sheet which is A4 size paper (or other paper with the consent of the relevant lecturer).
5. Write your details as follows in the upper left corner for each answer sheet:
  - i. Student Full Name
  - ii. Identification Card (I/C)No.
  - iii. Class Section
  - iv. Course Code
  - v. Course Name
  - vi. Lecturer Name
6. Each answer sheet must have a page number written at the bottom right corner.
7. Answers should be handwritten, neat and clear.

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**DO NOT TURN THIS PAGE UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO**

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*This examination paper consists of **12** printed pages including front page*

**PART A**

This part consists of **FIFTEEN (15)** questions.

Answer **ALL** questions in the Answer Sheet.

1. Identify the most significant symbols in Thai's people.

- A Mae Phosop.
- B King and Monks.
- C King and Buddha.
- D Buddha and Plants.

2. Identify the statement that is **true** about France's food.

- A Brittany is famous with *choux*, usually eaten with sugar, lemon and sometimes butter.
- B Snails, or the locales called it *escargot*, is usually cooked with garlic and butter, roast duck and rabbit.
- C French cooking is unrefined and involves careful preparation, attention to detail and the use of fresh vegetables.
- D There are around 1000 cheeses that have been awarded the *Appellation d'Origine Contrôlée* status, which means they can only be produced in a certain region.

3.

- Produced from the fermentation of grape juices with yeast.
- Vast production in France.
- The more it getting old, the more refine and highly quality it is.

**Figure 1**

From the information given, what could be the ingredient?

- A Crepe.
- B Yogurt.
- C Foei gras.
- D Red wine.

4. *“The act of letting go of one's grudges, anger, and defilements in order to start life anew on a better foot is symbolic of letting go of all one's grudges, anger, and defilements”.*

**Figure 2**

What is the Thai's festival referring to the information in Figure 2?

- A *Sinh.*  
B *Happi.*  
C *Songkran.*  
D *Loi Krathong.*
5. What is *Shayla*?
- A A scarf covering the head and hair of the Arab's women.  
B A traditional game of hide-and-seek combined with tag.  
C Saudi Arabia's one and only secular celebration to remember the founding of Saudi Arabia in 1932.  
D Saudi Arabia's biggest folks and cultural festival that takes place for two weeks each February in Janadriyah.

6.
  - A two-pronged event held in Kalibo to honour the Santo Nino (baby Jesus) and to commemorate a peace treaty signed between two warring tribes in 1210.
  - It's just a fantastic excuse for heavy partying on a tropical paradise for many of the guests from all around who descend on this island for seven days of celebrations.
  - The 'Big Three Days of Spiritual Street Dancing,' a three-day, three-night frenzy of drinking and dancing, is unquestionably the highlight of the particular celebration

**Figure 3**

Based on the Figure 3, who is celebrating this kind of festival?

- A *Pinoy.*  
B *Dayak.*  
C *Madura.*  
D *Tanggerese.*

7. What is the German's women traditional clothing that means "maid"?
- A *Dirndls.*
  - B *Lederhosen.*
  - C *Der Deutsche.*
  - D *Eisstockschiessen.*
8. What is the name of the ritual where thousands of monks gather to repeat mantras and meditate in Indonesia during *Waisak*?
- A *Rangda.*
  - B *Pindapata*
  - C *Pradaksina.*
  - D *Tongkonan.*
9. Predict what will happen to a person lingered by a black butterfly in Phillipines?
- A One can become crazy.
  - B One possessed seven years of bad luck.
  - C It can cause the early death of one's parents.
  - D The Filipinos expect to lose one of the family members.
10. 

<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• This celebration was celebrated by France people on November the 2<sup>nd</sup>.</li><li>• It is also known as All Souls Day.</li><li>• During this day, families will gather together to visits their departed family member's graves.</li></ul>
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**Figure 4**

What is the celebration that the information given in Figure 4?

- A *La Chandeleur*
- B *La Fete des Morts.*
- C *La Fete du Travail.*
- D *Le Jour du Souvenir.*

11.



**Picture 1: Shunsai Toshimasa's 19th century woodblock print showing the Japanese sun goddess Amaterasu exiting from her grotto.**

Differ from the other religion around the world, the supreme deity in this particular religion is a woman known as *Amaterasu*. What is actually the religion known as?

- A Pagan.
- B Shinto.
- C Buddha.
- D Christian..

12.

- Leather pants, wide cut trousers which end just below the knee.
- This cloth allowed for heavy duty work in stables, fields and woods.
- Originated from German.

**Figure 5**

Name the traditional outfit according to the information given in Figure 5.

- A *Dirndl*.
- B *Wurst*.
- C *Zwiefache*.
- D *Lederhosen*.

13. *“Every year on April 14th, an unofficial holiday is commemorated. It is generally observed by singles in South Korea. On the 14th of the month, the day is associated with Valentine's Day and White Day as a holiday”.*

**Figure 6**

What is the food that usually been eaten by Korean during this particular day which commemorate their soreness?

- A *Kimchi.*
  - B *Bulgogi.*
  - C *Gimbap.*
  - D *JJajangmyeon. .*
14. When do the Russian celebrate Christmas?
- A 1<sup>st</sup> January.
  - B 6<sup>th</sup>/7<sup>th</sup> January.
  - C 25<sup>th</sup> December.
  - D 31<sup>st</sup> December.
15. Identify the **true** statement about Russia?
- A Russian didn't have patriotism in them.
  - B Russian family live as an extended family.
  - C Russian practices Catholic instead of Orthodox Christian.
  - D Russian bordering to United Kingdom and China to the south.

**[15 MARKS]**

**PART B**

This part contains **FIFTEEN (15)** questions.

Please state **True (T)** for the correct statement and **False (F)** for the wrong one.

Answer **ALL** in the Answer Sheet.

1. Thailand is a country located in Northern Asia and ranks number twelve as the most populated country all over the world.
2. Mount Blanc, which translates to "White Mountain," is the highest point in the Alps and the highest point in Europe west of Russia's Caucasus peaks.
3. *Gougeres* are bite-sized puffs made from choux pastry, contain eggs, flours, water and butter.
4. Throwing food away enrages the Thai "god of rice" a female deity who watches over the people, ensuring everyone has enough to eat. If food is thrown away, bad luck or even widespread famine will occur to that family.
5. The largest folk and cultural festival in Saudi Arabia takes is in Janadriyah, about 30 miles from Riyadh, every February for three weeks. The event may be Saudi Arabia's liveliest non-religious public gathering, with thrilling horse and camel racing among the attractions.
6. *Barong Tagalog*, the national outfit of Filipino men, is initially made from *jusi* of pineapple fabric called "*panau*".
7. *Dirndl*, the female outfit for Germany, is originally a dress worn by maids and servant, came from the word "*dirn*" which means "maid".
8. In West-Timor, still a part of Indonesia make maize as the staple diet instead of rice or sago.

9. In the Philippines, *adobo* refers to a chicken or pork braised in garlic, soy sauce and vinegar and cooked until dry.
10. The Flavian Amphitheatre, better known as the Colosseum or Coliseum, is an oval amphitheater in the heart of Rome, Italy. It is the world's largest amphitheater, made of limestone, clay, and brick-faced concrete.
11. In Japan, *Geisha* is referring to traditional female entertainers which are usually being misunderstood as prostitutes.
12. German is famous for its church's amazing and wonderful architectural structures and design. Most of them are centuries old, but still being taken care nicely. This shows how much German people love and proud of their church.
13. *Hangul* is the traditional Korean attire worn daily up until just 100 years ago.
14. Symbolizing women's equality, most people in Russia refer to International Women's Day just as "the 8<sup>th</sup> of March".
15. *Bliny* is known as pickled cabbage in Russia, usually served with sour cream, honey or jam.

[15 MARKS]



**PART C**

This part consists of **TEN (10)** questions.

Answer **ALL** questions in the Answer Sheet.

**QUESTION 1**

In their daily lives, people are constantly socializing with one another. They greet and converse with one another. They must address those they talk to during their communication. Each country addresses its citizens in a unique manner. However, in Indonesia, there are several provinces with diverse dialects and ways of communicating, particularly in Java. There are numerous ways to address individuals in Java. The distinction is to treat others with respect and courtesy, particularly the elderly.

Identify **three (3)** examples of greeting by Indonesian.

(6 marks)

**QUESTION 2**

Several things influence Indonesian cuisine culture, including nature, history, and culture. Indonesian cuisine is evidently rich in variety and taste due to its immense geographic and cultural diversity across the archipelagos.

Recognize **two (2)** traditional foods in Indonesia.

(4 marks)

**QUESTION 3**

*Sushi* is a Japanese dish of prepared vinegary rice, usually with some sugar and salt, accompanying a variety of ingredients, such as seafood, vegetables, and occasionally tropical fruits.

Distinguish **three (3)** types of *sushi*.

(6 marks)

**QUESTION 4**

Japan can be considered fairly athletic in that there is a lot of interest with different sports. Soccer and baseball are arguably the most popular sports in Japan, and one of the most widely watched. However, there are so many more sports and activities. Many of them is traditional to Japan that is still practiced even today.

Based on your understanding about Japanese culture, explain another **three (3)** Instances to the traditional sports of Japan.

(6 marks)

**QUESTION 5**

There are numbers of festivals in the Philippines throughout the year. Some of the festivals were influenced by the Spanish era in the 1500s. They focus on religious traditions, while the other festivals are integrated with the significant historical events of the country.

Describe any **three (3)** festivals that belong to Filipinos.

(6 marks)

**QUESTION 6**

Filipino cuisine has recently been named the "next great thing" in the culinary world to watch. With the country's diverse influences throughout its long history, traditional cooking skills, and the Filipinos' aptitude for blending flavors and making the most of whatever ingredients are available, the result is unpretentious, no-frills food that is simply excellent.

Based on your understanding about Filipino's foods, provide **three (3)** examples of their foods.

(6 marks)

**QUESTION 7**

Every year, Korea hosts hundreds of festivals, from celebrations of nature and the changing seasons to small regional events, important tributes and Korean history.

State any **three (3)** famous Korean festivals.

(6 marks)

**QUESTION 8**

A *hanbok* is a traditional Korean dress for semi-formal or formal attire during traditional occasions such as festivals, celebrations, and ceremonies. It is characterized by vibrant colors and simple lines without pockets.

Based on your understanding of Korean culture, interpret **two (2)** symbols used in *hanbok* worn by the King.

(4 marks)

**QUESTION 9**

Throughout the year, the French celebrate a variety of traditional festivals. These celebrations offer tribute to history, culture, and the desire to gather and feast while sharing a common value. They can be derived from folkloric or religious traditions, or they can simply be used to commemorate a significant historical event.

Explain briefly **two (2)** traditional festivals in France.

(4 marks)

**QUESTION 10**

French cheese comes in many varieties and almost every region in France produces some kind of special cheese, which not only made of cow's milk, but also made of goat's milk.

Based on your understanding about French culture, prove the statement that says French are obsessed with cheese.

(2 marks)

**[50 MARKS]**

**PART D**

This part consists of **TWO (2)** questions.

Answer **ALL** questions in the Answer Sheet.

**QUESTION 1**

Traditional Japanese cuisine consists of a single staple item, as well as one or more main dishes and side dishes. In addition to these, clear soup or popular miso soup can be enjoyed. There is, however, a term for it, "*ichiju sansai*" which translates to "one soup, three sides." Instead of red meat, oils and fats, and dairy ingredients, traditional Japanese recipes call for soy sauce, miso, and *umeboshi* (pickled plums). Despite the availability of low-sodium alternatives, several regularly used ingredients have a high salt content. Japanese cuisine, on the other hand, may be considered nutritious.

Discuss **five (5)** most iconic and infamous cuisines in Japan.

(10 marks)

**QUESTION 2**

Korea is a kaleidoscope of colors. On the one hand, the country's skyscrapers and imposing structures are worth seeing, but the country's cultural richness and legacy are also worth seeing. Traditions, community, people, rituals, and culture are all as beautiful and breathtaking as the scenery. Nothing beats indigenous festivals for truly understanding and experiencing these things.

Explain in detail **five (5)** infamous festivals in Korea.

(10 marks)

**[20 MARKS]**

**END OF QUESTION PAPER**