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**KOLEJ YAYASAN PELAJARAN JOHOR  
ONLINE FINAL EXAMINATION**

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**COURSE NAME : ENGLISH 2**  
**COURSE CODE : ENL 1022**  
**EXAMINATION : JUNE 2022**  
**DURATION : 2 HOURS**

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**INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES**

1. This examination paper consists of **TWO (2)** parts: PART A (50 Marks)  
PART B (30 Marks)
  
2. Please refer to the detailed instructions in this question paper.
  
3. Students are allowed to refer to resources such as lecture notes, books, internet or any other relevant resources.
  
4. Answer ALL questions in the answer sheet which is A4 size paper (or other paper with the consent of the relevant lecturer).
  
5. Write your details as follows in the upper left corner for each answer sheet:
  - i. Student Full Name
  - ii. Identification Card (I/C) No.
  - iii. Class Section
  - iv. Course Code
  - v. Course Name
  - vi. Lecturer Name
  
6. Each answer sheet must have a page number written at the bottom right corner.

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**DO NOT TURN THIS PAGE UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO**

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*This examination paper consists of **15** printed pages including front page*

**PART A – READING COMPREHENSION**

Answer **ALL** questions in Answer Booklet

**SECTION 1**

This section consists of **FIVE (5)** questions.

Instruction: Read the passage below carefully and answer the questions that follow.

- 1            Everyone dreams of luxuries in life. To indulge in luxuries, we need wealth. However, wealth does not fall from the sky. Wealth has to be built. In the process, you will encounter many challenges. One of the main challenges you will meet as you try to build wealth is keeping your income in line with your expenses. To make progress, you need expendable income. Though, when you are spending everything you earn, 5 various courses of action taken. Lastly, he or she may then select alternatives you have nothing to save.
- 2            The solution to this challenge is to keep your expenses as low as possible for as long as possible. It is simple, yet may be painful for many. Basically, that means not having your own apartment, no cable television, no smartphone, cheap meals, 10 and cycle or walk as often as you can. It is less painful if you keep in mind that this move is only temporary. As you enhance your financial standing, you can slowly indulge in some of the luxuries you yearn. However. The bottom line remains the same. Saving money is considerably easier when your overheads are low. Thus, start curtailing excessive outgoings. 15
- 3            Another resolution is to stay out of debt. Good old-fashioned debt is a demon that could kill your wealth-building dreams. Undesirably, for many of us, getting into debt is a piece of cake. Today's young people have a few credit cards and a huge mountain of student loan debt. Indeed, with a few bad months, you can easily be 20 staring down years of minimum payments in no time. Of course, student loan debt cannot be discharged in bankruptcy, nor can it be bargained down. It has to be paid off. Hence, avoid new debts and destroy the ones you already have.

4 To build wealth, you need to find a way to earn more money than you are 25  
earning now. If you have a talent or skill, find ways to monetize it. Jim Wang of  
Bargainengineering.com and Microbloggger.com suggests that it is about finding something  
– anything. Everyone has at least one skill he/she can capitalize on. The options are  
only limited by your abilities and passion. You no longer need a second job to start  
bringing in more income. 30

5 “Building wealth is about creating value and then recapturing that value in  
financial compensation. Whether it’s providing services, knowledge, or experience, if  
you aren’t creating value, then there’s nothing for you to build wealth with,” Wang said  
when asked about building wealth from scratch. “This value can also take many forms,  
it can be actual monetary value or it could be providing entertainment or saving time or 35  
reducing headaches; the more creative you are, the more opportunities you’ll see.”

6 Experts assert that the most important step of all is investing. Work out how  
much of your income you can live without, and take home a smaller pay cheque. Let  
the balance be channelled to a provident fund or work-sponsored retirement plan. In  
this way, you will be building wealth with no effort on your part. If you do not have a 40  
work-sponsored retirement plan, look for other resources. You will find one if you look  
hard enough. Just remember, there is no one right way to start investing.

7 Unlike inheriting money, building it from scratch is demanding. Yet, you have  
to start somewhere. Just remember to keep expenses low, avoid debt and as many  
financial obligations as possible, find a way to net more money, and invest all along. 45  
The road to wealth can assume a million different twists and turns. Therefore, the  
outcome will always be better than it would be had you not tried in the first place.

(Adapted from: <http://www.msn.com/en-my/money/personalfinance/4-steps-to-build-wealth-from-scratch/>)

1. What is the topic sentence of Paragraph 2?

(2marks)

2. What are the debts young people these days usually have?

(2marks)

3. Based on paragraph 5, what does it mean by the statement "Building wealth is about creating value and then recapturing that value in financial compensation."?

(2marks)

4. Based on Paragraph 6, how can one start investing?

(2marks)

5. Do you think it is important to build wealth from young age?

Give **ONE (1)** reason to your opinion.

Your opinion :

Reason :

(2marks)

(10 MARKS)

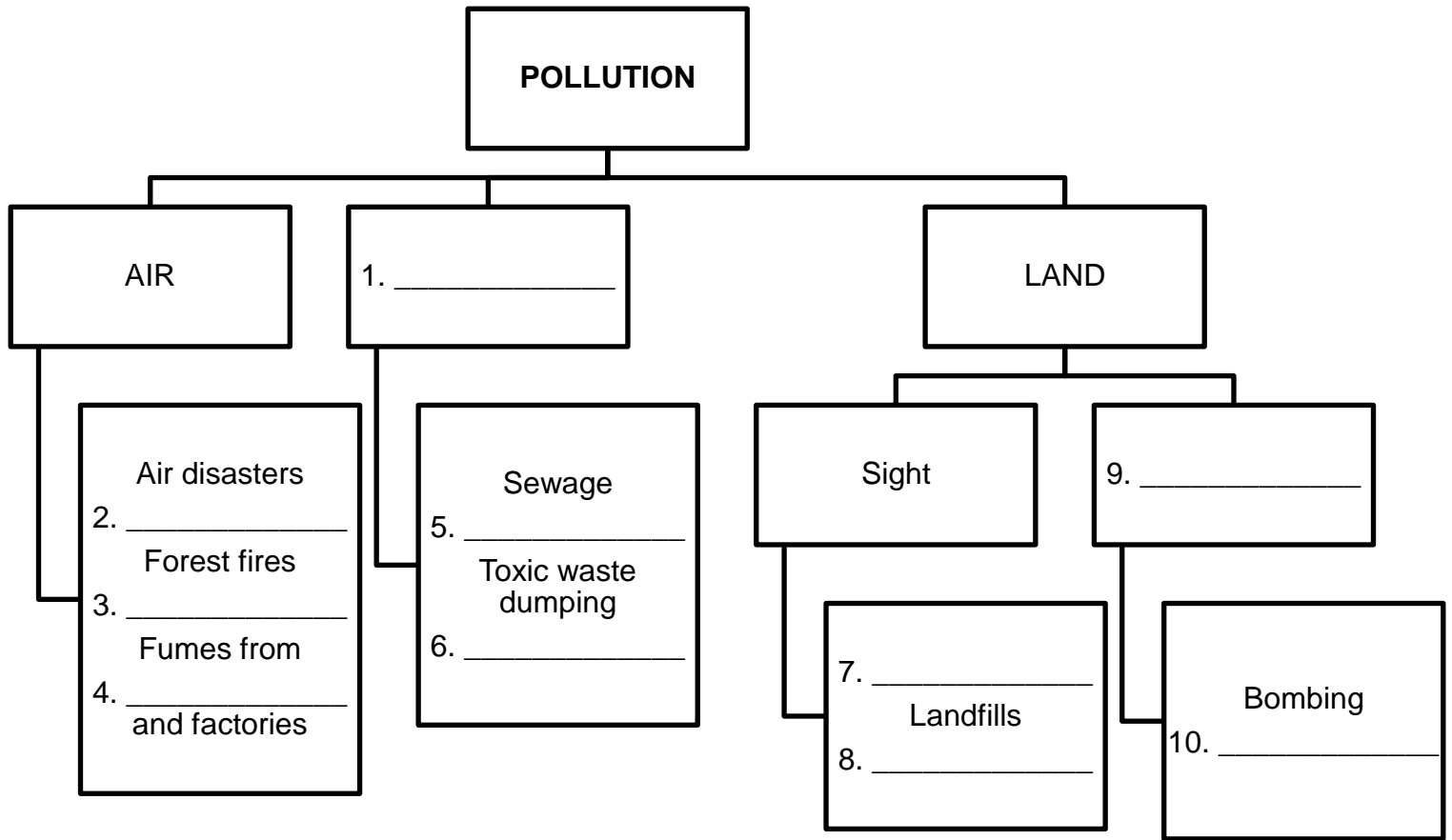
**SECTION 2**

This section consists of **TEN (10)** questions.

**INFORMATION TRANSFER**

Instruction: Complete the table with information from the passage and write all your answers in the answer booklet provided.

- 1            There are three major types of pollution. They are air, water, and land pollution.
  
- 2            Air pollution is the result of air disasters, the use of incinerators, forest fires, the burning of fossil fuels and the smoke and fumes that are released by vehicles and factories. 5
  
- 3            Human beings are the main cause of water pollution. Water spewing from sewage pipes, oil spills from ships and tankers, toxic waste dumping and waste from landslips are all man-made problems. Water pollution is also aggravated by development.
  
- 4            Land pollution can be divided into sight pollution and sound pollution. The 10 causes of sight pollution include the increasing number of heaps of garbage, huge open landfills, and soil erosion. Last but not least, sound or noise pollution would include acts such as exploding bombs and the sounds of drilling.
  
- 5            Air, water, and land pollution are the three major types of pollution. They are a result of man-made problems and they need to be faced head-on by every human 15 being.



(10 MARKS)

**SECTION 3**

This section consists of **EIGHT (8)** questions.

Instruction: Read the passage below carefully and answer the questions that follow.

- 1           The many faces to Malaysia’s cultural diversity can trigger a lot of different longings. when living away from Malaysia. The most celebrated, and perhaps, the most memorable to many Malaysians abroad is its scrumptious food, affordable living and ***laidback*** lifestyle. “Malaysia is like chicken rice. Each ingredient – the chicken, the rice, the cool cucumber – remains distinct, as opposed to a blend of flavours as in fried 5 rice,” describes Shaun Kua, a law student at Oxford University.
- 2           Johan Kamal Hamidon, 27, who is pursuing his PhD studies in Queensland, Australia concurs with Shaun. “Nothing beats home cooked food and Malaysian delicacies. Those are some of the few things I miss most about Malaysia.” Besides pining for Malaysian flavors, family and friends, he also misses the way Malaysians 10 behave with each other. “Malaysians in general are polite and very respectful people We treat our elderly with a lot of respect and love and hold close to our cultural values and beliefs as reflected in our daily routine,” he explains. “I miss being around Malaysians.”
- 3           For Juanita Jamsari, 23, it is that special feeling of truly being at home. “Being 15 at home gives you the sense of familiarity and warmth that I miss when I am away,” explains Juanita who is pursuing actuarial studies in Sydney, Australia. She adds that Malaysians are warm and have an aptitude of helping someone in need – a rare trait to find when abroad. “Studying abroad naturally changes your perspective on many things,” says Juanita. “Although Australians are generally friendly and welcoming, 20 learning that you have to start depending on yourself is still frightening. You can either choose to stay scared or overcome your fear and move forward.”
- 4           While all the young students living abroad are missing different things, they all agree that there have been affirmative changes. “One ***prominent*** change I saw in myself is that I am more confident in communicating my views. I also learned to 25 appreciate the effort of investing in oneself, whether that’s signing up to a Spanish dance class through Groupon or going to a networking event,” she added.

5 For Oxford-based Shaun, living and studying abroad enhanced his sense of  
direction. “I undoubtedly left with ambition that many would consider unhealthy, an  
uncompromising commitment to realizing said ambitions, and a sense of doing it all with 30  
a degree of panache,” he says. With this in mind, “If I wanted to contribute to the world,  
I think there is a reason to focus on Malaysia,” he adds. “Malaysia is already a world  
leader in Islamic finance, palm oil and rainforest biodiversity. We are fast becoming an  
alternative destination to China for solar panel manufacturing. It remains to be seen  
6 what lessons the Malaysian model of multiculturalism can generate for the rest of the 35  
world. Working through these challenges is what I look forward to.

For Johan, his experience in Queensland drove him to become more mature,  
independent and responsible. It reinforced his love for Malaysia. “Being away from  
home also made me more patriotic and created a sense of responsibility in me to give  
back to the Malaysian community both abroad and back home. This drives me to 40  
7 participate actively in Malaysian student organizations and student councils such as the  
Malaysian Students Council of Australia (MASCA) for many years,” he says. “I am  
looking forward to making Malaysia a better place for its people and future generations.”

(Adapted from: <http://www.thestar.com.my/Lifestyle/Features/2015/03/27/Nothing-beats-Malaysia/>)



1. From paragraph 1, what are among the **TWO (2)** most celebrated or memorable things to many Malaysians abroad?

(2 marks)

2. What does *laidback* (line 4) means?

(1 mark)

3. "Malaysia is like chicken rice." (line 4). What does this imply about Malaysia?

(2 mark)

4. ... *a rare trait to find when abroad* (line 18). What does this phrase imply about Malaysian?

(2 marks)

5. What does *prominent* (line 24) means?

(1 marks)

6. What are among the **TWO (2)** benefits of living abroad?

(2 marks)

7. Read the following statements. Write (T) if the statement is True or (F) if the statement is False

	Statement	T / F
a)	Johan Kamal Hamidon feels Malaysians respects their elderly people and retain their cultural values and beliefs even while living abroad.	
b)	Juanita Jamsari thinks Malaysians tends to help people in need while Australians are not friendly.	
c)	Shaun Kua believes that China should be the alternative destination for solar panel manufacturing.	
d.)	Johan said that being away from Malaysia reinforce his love for his home country and thus, made him more patriotic.	

(2 marks)

8. What are the following words and phrases refer to?

(a) *we* (line 12)

(b) *they* (line 23)

(c) *we* (line 26)

(d) *it* (line 39)

(2 marks)

(14 MARKS)

**SECTION 4**

This section consists of **EIGHT (8)** questions.

Instruction: Read the passage below carefully and answer the questions that follow.

- 1            Stress is simply a force from the outside world affecting the individual. All living creatures are constantly interacting with their surroundings both physically and behaviorally. How these living creatures relate to their environment, have significant consequences for survival. We usually think of stress as a negative experience because of excessive stress in our modern lives. However, biologically, stress can be neutral, negative, or positive. In any case, prolonged, unexpected, unmanageable stress is detrimental to health. 5
- 2            How can we manage stress, especially negative stress? When it comes to stress management, several healthy management strategies become apparent. Of utmost importance and probably the simplest strategy is to exercise. Regular exercise helps to burn off and use up the stress hormones and neurochemicals. This mitigates the damage prolonged stress can cause to our health. Indeed, research shows that exercise is a potent anti-depressant. It helps combat anxiety and reduces insomnia. 10
- 3            As far as drugs and alcohol in stress management is concerned, the key is eliminating drug use and no more than moderate alcohol use. When stressed, people turn to these channels. However, many of these substances sensitize the stress response, producing big surges of stress chemicals even over minor issues. In fact, even prescription drugs for anxiety can be counterproductive in the same way. In reality, drugs and alcohol only mask stress and often prevent the person from tackling the problem directly. Consequently, they are unable to develop effective ways to manage or eliminate the stress. 15 20
- 4            Chronic or uninterrupted stress is very harmful. It is important, therefore, to create predictability at work and home as much as possible. Though this cannot prevent the unexpected from happening, they can provide a comfortable context from which to respond to the unexpected. The “unexpected” surely does not always come out of the blue. Therefore, generate response plans to manage possibilities that may 25

become realities at work or home. Your readiness can turn stress into a positive energy to sustain your growth and change.

(Adapted from: <http://www.medicinenet.com/script/main/art.asp?articlekey=20772>)

1. From paragraph 1, what are the **THREE (3)** different types of stress?  
(1 marks)
2. How does regular exercise help manage negative stress?  
(2 mark)
3. What is the suggested duration of meditating suggested by Western medicine and psychology?  
(1 mark)
4. How does meditating help manage stress?  
(2 marks)
5. Why does prescription drugs for anxiety can be counterproductive to stress management?  
(2 marks)
6. How does chronic or uninterrupted stress can be managed?  
(2 marks)

7. Fill in the table with an appropriate word or phrase from the passage.

	Statement	Word
a)	a measure of the force that your heart uses to pump blood around your body	
b)	medications that can help relieve symptoms of depression, social anxiety disorder	
c)	the scientific study of the mind and behavior	
d)	chemical messengers that are secreted directly into the blood, which carries them to organs and tissues of the body to exert their functions	

(4marks)

8. What do the following phrase and word refer to?

(a) *burn off* (line 11)

(b) *out of the blue* (line 33)

(2marks)

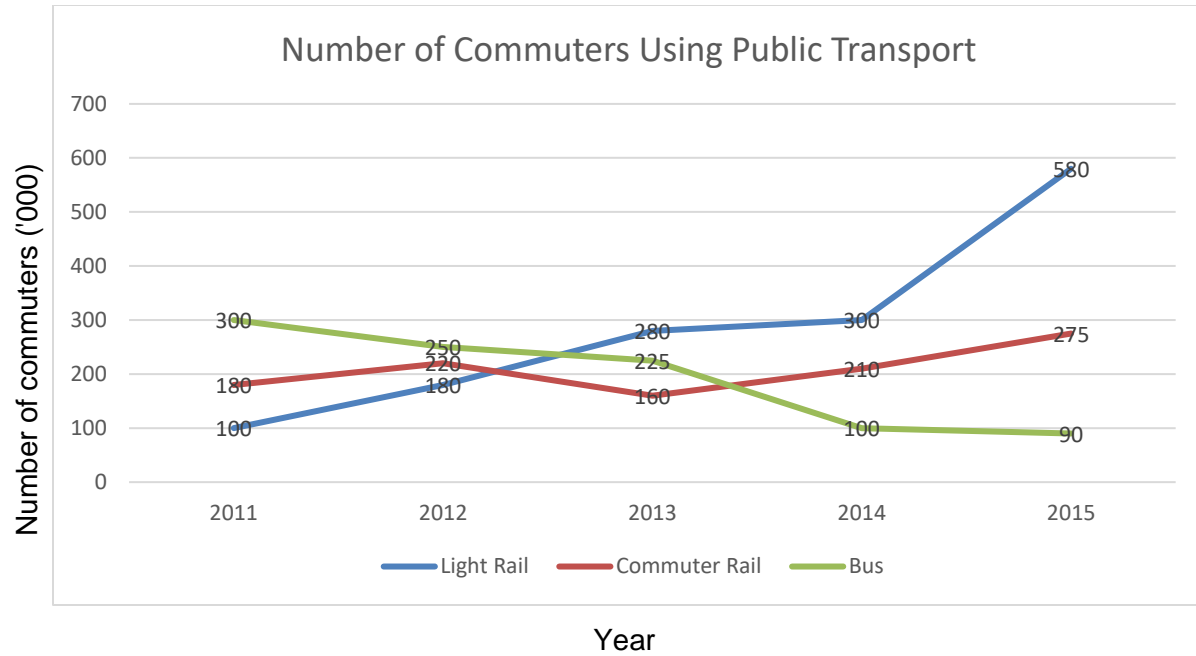
(16 MARKS)

**[50 MARKS]**

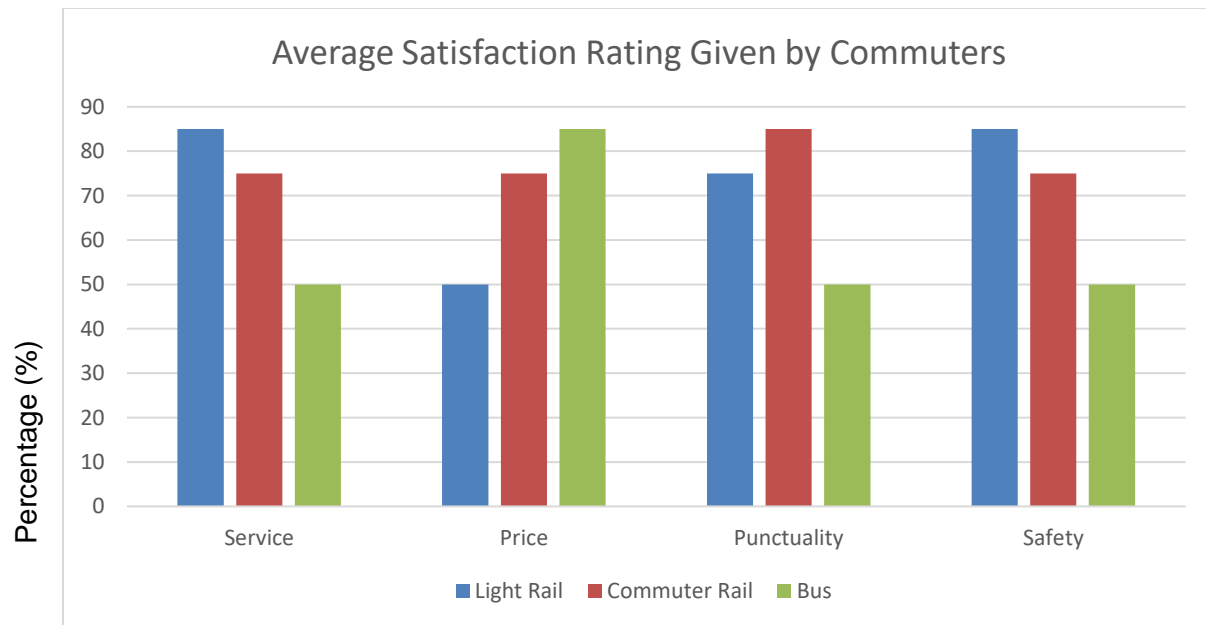
**PART B: DATA ANALYSIS**

This section consists of **EIGHT (8)** questions.

Instruction: Based on the figures given, answer all questions that follow. Write your answers in the answer booklet provided.



**Figure 1 Number of Commuters Using Public Transport**



**Figure 2 Average Satisfaction Rating Given by Commuters**

**Findings**

The following are the analyses of the data in Figure 1 and 2:

- 1) General Trend of Number of Commuters Using Light Rail from 2011 to 2015. (3marks)
  - 2) General Trend of Number of Commuters Using Commuter Rail from 2011 to 2015 (3marks)
  - 3) General Trend of Number of Commuters Using Bus from 2011 to 2015 (3marks)
  - 4) Analysis of Number of Commuters Using Light Rail from 2011 to 2015
  - 5) General Trend of the Average Service Satisfaction Rating Given by Light Rail Commuters (6marks)
  - 6) General Trend of the Average Price Satisfaction Rating Given by Commuter Rail Commuters (3marks)
  - 7) General Trend of the Average Punctuality Satisfaction Rating Given by Bus Commuters (3marks)
  - 8) Analysis of the Average Safety Satisfaction Rating Given by Commuters (3marks)
- (6marks)

**[30 MARKS]**

**END OF QUESTION PAPER**