

KOLEJ YAYASAN PELAJARAN JOHOR FINAL EXAMINATION

COURSE NAME

FOOD SAFETY

COURSE CODE

: DCA1043

EXAMINATION

: JANUARY 2024

DURATION

: 3 HOURS

INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES

1. This examination paper consists of **FOUR (4)** parts: PART A (20 Marks)

PART B (20 Marks)

PART C (40 Marks)

PART D (20 Marks)

- 2. Candidates are not allowed to bring any material to examination room except with permission from the invigilator.
- 3. Please check to make sure that this examination pack consists of:
 - i. The Question Paper
 - ii. An Objective Answer Paper
 - iii. An Answering Booklet

DO NOT TURN THIS PAGE UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

This examination paper consists of 13 printed pages including front page

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PART A

This part consists of TWENTY (20) questions. Answer ALL in Objective Answer Paper. 1. The primary route of contamination is _____. A pest B human being C soil and dust D dirty equipment and utensils 2. The word sanitation is derived from the _____word meaning "sanus". A Latin **B** Greek C French **D** English 3. "It plays an important role in maintaining good health. Once it happens, they are difficult to break". This role refers to personal_____. A habit B attire C cleanliness **D** appearance 4. It is caused by salmonella bacteria that is frequently found in poultry and eggs. This disease is called _____. A Salmonella **B** Salmonidae C Salmonellosis

D Salmondialysis

5.		ating food that contains living disease-causing microorganisms can use
	Α	Foodborne infection
	В	Foodborne intoxication
	С	Toxic mediated infection
	D	Toxic Toxoplasma gondii
ô.	Ha	and sanitizing lotionsbe used as a replacement for handwashing.
	A	always
	В	must never
	D	sometimes
	Ε	frequently
7.	Cle	eaning andare important activity in a food safety program.
		soaking
		washing
	С	sanitizing
	D	softening
3.	Gre	ease fire is thecauses of fires in food establishments.
	Α	number 1
	В	number 2
	С	number 3
	D	number 4
9.	Th	e first thing to do when an accident occurs is to
	Α_	stay calm
	В	stay panicked
	C	kneels and asks "Are You OK?
	D	administers first aid according to the type of injury

SULIT 3

10.	Us	sing ventilation hoods, chimneys and exhaust fans in all kitchens can reduce
		pollution.
	Α	air
	В	soil
	С	mind
	D	water
11.	Th	ne best method to control solid waste pollution is by disposal technique, which
	is	called
	A	land filling
	В	water filling
	C	chemical filling
	D	secondary filling
12.	In	all food establishments, the most dangerous pests that can spread disease
		nd damage food are
	Α	insects and termites
	В	insects and rodents
	С	rodents and termites
	D	rodents and parasites
13.	Th	e pest that can adapt easily to human environments and tolerate a wide range
	of	conditions is
	Α	flies
	В	poultry
	С	locusts
	D	rodents
14.	Tł	ne method of disposing strong fumes, smoke and food odour is
	A	disposing
	В	recycling
	С	exhaust fan
	D	sewers and drain pipes

15.	Wa	astes from sinks and drains in the kitchen are called
	A	refuse
	В	solid waste
	С	gaseous waste
	D	liquid wastes and sewage
16.	Th	e method that helps to ensure that older foods are used first is called
	Α	LIFO
	В	FIFO
	С	MILF
	D	FILO
		ood in cans, jars, bags and bottles is suitable for storing in
	Α	chiller
	В	freezer
	С	dry storage
	D	wet storage
		ACCP means
		Hazard Analysis Critical Control Point
		Hazard Analysis Controlling Centre Point
	С	Hazard Analytical Controlling Central Point
	D	Hazard Analyze Centre Contradictor Point
		food service industries, customer satisfaction is a must except
		customers want good services
	В	customers want us to pay for the food
	С	customers want food served at the right temperature
	D	customers want the food free from potential hazards

- **20.** All of the following statements are the training barriers except _____.
 - A lack of time
 - B lack of training skill
 - **C** good communication
 - D lack of self-discipline

[20 MARKS]

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PART B

SULIT

This part contains of TWENTY (20) questions.

Answer ALL questions in Answering Booklet.

onset time	pesticides	cleaning	scissors	cockroaches
pests control	viruses	environmental	biodegradable	garbage or
		pollution	waste	swill
bad habits	disposable	microbiological	foodborne	fire
	gloves		illness	extinguisher
verbal tests	freezer	fewer accidents	purchasing	seven
dry storage	parasites	offset time	termites	recycling non-
				biodegradable
				waste

1.	establishments.
	This type of spoilage is caused by, it includes bacteria, moulds, yeast and parasites.
3.	The example of are unguarded coughs and sneezes, nose fingering or tasting food with fingers.
4.	"It is applied to all types of illnesses caused by an organism, substances or material of any kind which is present in food and gains entrance into the body when the food is consumed". This term refers to
5.	It is defined as the number of hours between the times a person eats contaminated food and when they first show symptoms of the disease". This explanation refers to

6.	We use to protect food from direct contact by human hands.
7.	The process of removing the food residues from the surfaces of equipment and utensils is called
8.	The name of the equipment that is used to fight the fire, operable and easy to find is
9.	One example of equipment in the first aid kit is
10.	"It refers to the different ways by which people pollute their surroundings." This term refers to
11.	The chemical that we use to control or eliminate pests, bacteria, fungi and viruses is
12.	"It refers to the regulation or management of a species defined as a pest, because it is perceived to be detrimental to a person's health, the ecology or the economy". This statement refers to
13.	Flies andare capable of carrying disease organisms on their body.
14.	All kinds of recycled waste, such as glasses, plastic, polythene, paper and metal are in the group of
15.	Any waste matter resulting from the preparation, cooking and consumption of food is called

16. "It is an activity concerned with the acquisition of products in obtaining the right product, the right amount and the right price". This explanation refers to ______.
17. The equipment used to keep the food solidly frozen is called ______.
18. The basic HACCP system consists of ______ principles.
19. The best type of test used for illiterate workers is ______.
20. If staff is trained on safety procedures, they will have the skill to handle minor emergencies more effectively. Minor emergencies can lead to ______.
[20 MARKS]

PART C

This part consist of TWELVE (12) questions.

Answer ALL questions in Answering Booklet.

QUESTION 1

Cross-contamination can lead to foodborne illness.

a. Define cross-contamination in detail.

(1 mark)

b. List two (2) examples on how cross- contamination may happen.

(2 marks)

c. Identify two (2) examples of how to avoid cross-contamination.

(2 marks)

QUESTION 2

a. List three (3) examples of sanitary practices that we do every day.

(3 marks)

b. Explain **two (2)** causes why all employees working in food establishments must wear protective clothing while on duty.

(2 marks)

QUESTION 3

Identify three (3) groups of humans that can easily get "onset time".

(3 marks)

QUESTION 4

State three (3) situations when to wash our hands properly.

(3 marks)

QUESTION 5

Complete the diagram/table below with correct answers.

Chlorine compounds

Advantages	Disadvantages	
i.	iii.	
ii.		
		(3 marks

QUESTION 6

Identify **three (3)** types of common injuries that can happen in food establishments. (3 marks)

QUESTION 7

List three (3) types of environmental pollution that you know.

(3 marks)

QUESTION 8

Name three (3) examples of pests that are dangerous to human.

(3 marks)

QUESTION 9

Identify **three (3)** groups of waste arising from catering establishments.

(3 marks)

QUESTION 10

Name three (3) most common types of food storage in food industries and premises.

(3 marks)

QUESTION 11

a. Define HACCP in detail.

(1 mark)

b. Select two (2) examples of potentially hazardous food in the HACCP system.

(2 marks)

QUESTION 12

The best way to ensure the safety and well-being of customers and employees is to know how to train your employees. Identify three (3) benefits of training your employee.

(3 marks)

[40 MARKS]

PART D

This part consists of TWO (2) questions.

Answer ALL questions in Answering Booklet.

QUESTION 1

Routes of contamination or the chain of transmission can lead to foodborne illness. It can be divided into primary sources and secondary sources.

Illustrate the routes of contamination that can lead to foodborne illness.

(10 marks)

QUESTION 2

There are five causes of foodborne illness and the main causes are bacteria and viruses.

Interpret foodborne illness caused by bacteria and foodborne illness caused by viruses.

(10 marks)

[20 MARKS]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

SULIT 13



