

KOLEJ YAYASAN PELAJARAN JOHOR FINAL EXAMINATION

COURSE NAME

: FOOD HYGIENE AND SANITATION

COURSE CODE

: DCA 1053

EXAMINATION

: DECEMBER 2022

DURATION

: 3 HOURS

INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES

1. This question paper consists of THREE (3) parts:

PART A (20 Marks)

PART B (50 Marks)

PART C (30 Marks)

- 2. Candidates are not allowed to bring any material to examination room except with the permission from the invigilator.
- 3. Please check to make sure that this examination pack consists of:
 - i. The Question Paper
 - ii. An Objective Answer Paper
 - iii. An Answering Booklet

PART A

This part consists of TWENTY (20) questions.

Answer ALL in Objective Answer Paper.

- 1. The word sanitation is derived from _____ word, "sanus" meaning clean and whole or sound and healthy.
 - A Latin
 - **B** Italian
 - C Arabic
 - D French
- 2. The food handlers should know that some microorganisms are harmful and causes food _____ and disease.
 - A waste
 - B hazard
 - **C** spoilage
 - **D** pathogen
- 3. Skin and respiratory tract of an individual is considered as a _____ source in the chain of transmission of bacteria that causes food borne illness.
 - A tertiary
 - **B** primary
 - C secondary
 - **D** quaternary
- 4. Which of the followings are the advantages of breaking the route of contamination?
 - i. Enhance the rate of patronage
 - ii. Reduces chances of spoilage of food
 - iii. Prevent outbreaks of food-borne disease
 - iv. Enhance the wastage of capital and food due to spoilage
 - **A** i, ii
 - B i, iii
 - C ii, iv
 - **D** i, ii, iii

	is the situation when the food is exposed to temperatures in the danger
zon	e for enough time to allow growth of harmful microorganisms.
A	Time abuse
В	Food hazard
С	Temperature abuse
D	Cross contamination
The	raw food should not stand at room temperature for more than hours.
A	2
В	4
С	6
D	8
The	e safest way to defrost the frozen item is
Α	in the chiller
В	on the counter
C	in the microwave
D	under running water
W	hat is cross-contamination?
Α	A dangerous bacteria found in raw poultry.
В	When a food service worker sneezes on food.
С	Disease carried or transmitted to people from food.
D	The transfer of harmful bacteria to food from other foods.
. En	zymatic reaction in food like bruise in tomatoes is due to spoilage.
	i. physical
	ii. chemical
į	ii. biochemical
į	v. microbiological
Α	. i, ii
В	i, iii
С	ii, iv
D) i, ii, iii
	A B C D THE A B C D W A B C D En i A B C

- 10. The deterioration in the colour, flavour, odour or consistency of a food product is the sign of food _____.
 - A spoilage
 - B infection
 - C poisoning
 - **D** contamination
- 11. Which of the poor personal hygiene practices happens in Figure 1?

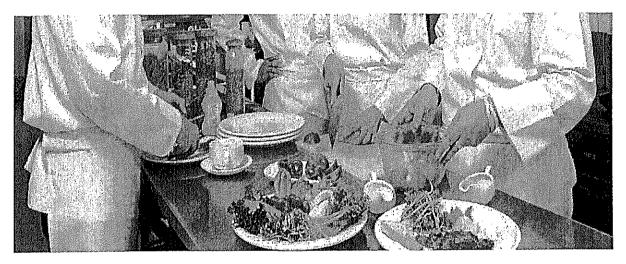


Figure 1

- A The staff forgot to wash their apron.
- B The staff did not take off the jewellery while cooking.
- **C** The staff does not keep the table clean when preparing food.
- **D** The staff uses inappropriate uniforms while serving food to customers.
- 12. Which of the followings are the examples of bad habits in the kitchen?
 - i. Smoking
 - ii. Nose picking
 - iii. Tasting food with fingers
 - iv. Picking up bread with gloves
 - A i, ii
 - B i, iii
 - C ii, iv
 - **D** i, ii, iii

13. A	mong these, which one is NOT the benefit of good personal appearance?			
l	A It helps in promoting business.			
E	It increases one's self confidence.			
(It gives chance for the customers to judge.			
Empty A	It reflects on the standards set by the organization.			
14. A	Il foodservice workers should be free from any that is likely to be			
transmitted.				
	A accident			
	B infection			
	C situation			
	D condition			
	duman carry on their body, even if they are not carriers or diseased. A dirt			
	B pathogen			
	C foreign matter			
	D unwanted object			
16.	What is food-borne illness?			
	A A dangerous bacteria found in raw poultry.			
	B When a food service worker sneezes on food.			
	C Disease carried or transmitted to people from food.			
	D The transfer of harmful bacteria to food from other foods.			
17.	How can you prevent food-borne illnesses?			
	i. Chill to safe temperature			
	ii. Cook at proper temperature			
	iii. Avoid any cross-contamination			
	iv. Clean after handling ready-to-eat food			
	A i, ii			
	B i, iii			
	C ii, iv			
	D i, ii, iii			

18. Headache, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea are the general symptoms of
A Scurvy
B Malaria
C Marasmus
D Salmonellosis
19. An individual onsets time are different depending on factors such as
i. Age
ii. Body weight
iii. Health status
iv. Income status
A i, ii
B i, iii
C ii, iv
D i, ii, iii
20. Toxic substances that may occur naturally or may be added during the processing
of food is known as hazard.
A physical
B chemical
C biological
D biochemical
[20 MARKS]

PART B

This part consists of SEVEN (7) questions.

Answer ALL questions in Answering Booklet.

QUESTION 1

a. Interpret the possible outcomes of preparing the meal in the manner shown in Figure 2.

(2 marks)



Figure 2

b. Find **four (4)** ways to prevent or reduce the potential consequences of what happened in 1 (a).

(4 marks)

QUESTION 2

a. Give three (3) sanitary practices that can be done in order to keep good personal appearances.

(3 marks)

b. Locate three (3) areas of the body that could possibly contain or be in contact with microbes.

(3 marks)

QUESTION 3

a. For certain people, a foodborne disease can be significantly more serious, potentially fatal. Classify those three (3) extremely vulnerable groups into categories.

(3 marks)

b. Give three (3) causes of foodborne illness.

(3 marks)

QUESTION 4

a. Describe the concept of habit with an example.

(2 marks)

b. Explain four (4) proper ways in using disposable gloves.

(4 marks)

QUESTION 5

Rapid urbanization and technological development leads people to living in or near cities and they are often exposed to loud noises.

a. Estimate two (2) long-term harmful effects of loud noises on people.

(2 marks)

b. Give four (4) examples of activities that contribute to the noise pollution.

(4 marks)

c. Find four (4) preventive measures that can be taken to control the noise pollution.

(4 marks)

QUESTION 6

a.	. Find the meaning of HACCP.			
		(2 marks)		
h	Discover four (4) types of potentially hazardous food.			

QUESTION 7

a. Explain the meaning of efficient worker.

(2 marks)

(4 marks)

b. Give four (4) importance of employee's training.

(4 marks)

c. Describe four (4) examples of standards for employee training.

(4 marks)

[50 MARKS]

PART C

This part consists of SIX (6) questions.

Answer ALL questions in Answering Booklet.

QUESTION 1

There are many factors that contribute to the food spoilage that could lead to foodborne illness, which is being recognized as a major health problem in the world. Hence, discuss two (2) types of food spoilage with an example for each that might happened during the food preparation.

(5 marks)

QUESTION 2

All employees working in food establishments must wear a clean and appropriate uniform while in duty. Therefore, explain five (5) benefits of wearing a neat and clean protective uniform.

(5 marks)

QUESTION 3

Distinguish the differences between two (2) types of foodborne illnesses and its example that you might know.

(5 marks)

QUESTION 4

Explain two (2) types of pollution that might related to foodservice industry. Your explanation should include an example.

(5 marks)

QUESTION 5

Give the meaning of Critical Control Point (CCP) and describe two (2) criteria most frequently used for critical limits.

(5 marks)

QUESTION 6

Employee training is important to ensure the smoothness of operation in an organization. However, there might be some interference to effective training. Therefore, explain five (5) challenges to training as if you were the management of an organization.

(5 marks)

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[30 MARKS]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

