

# KOLEJ YAYASAN PELAJARAN JOHOR ONLINE FINAL EXAMINATION

COURSE NAME : PRINCIPLE OF ACCOUNTING

COURSE CODE : DHM2103

**EXAMINATION**: NOVEMBER 2020

DURATION : 6 HOURS

#### **INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES**

1. This examintaion paper consists of **TWO (2)** parts: PART A (10 Marks)

PART B (90 Marks)

- 2. Please refer to the detailed instructions in this question paper.
- Students are allowed to refer to resources such as lecture notes, books, internet or any other relevant resources.
- 4. Answer ALL questions in the answer sheet which is A4 size paper (or other paper with the consent of the relevant lecturer).
- 5. Write your details as follows in the upper left corner for each answer sheet:
  - i. Student Full Name
  - ii. Identification Card (I/C) No.
  - iii. Class Section
  - iv. Course Code
  - v. Course Name
  - vi. Lecturer Name
- Each answer sheet must have a page number written at the bottom right corner.
- 7. Answers should be handwritten, neat and clear.

#### DO NOT TURN THIS PAGE UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

This examination paper consists of **9** printed pages including front page

#### **PART A**

This part contains **TEN (10)** questions.

Answer ALL in the Answer Sheet.

- 1. Which of these accounts is an asset?
  - A Sales.
  - **B** Salaries.
  - **C** Account payable.
  - **D** Account receivable.
- 2. Which of the following statements is correct?
  - A Repair Motor vehicle on cash
  - **B** Credit purchase from Pak Jabit
  - C Sold goods to Aini on credit
  - Owner's took cash for personal  ${\bf D}$

use

Effect Upon				
Motor vehicle	Cash decrease			
increase	Casii decrease			
Purchase increase	Creditor Pak Jabit			
T dichase increase	decrease			
Debtor Aini	Sales increase			
increase	Oales increase			
Cash increase	Capital decrease			

3. What is the journal entry if we sold goods to Yeh Sekupang on credit?

Debit Credit

A Cash Sales

**B** Yeh Sekupang Sales

C Cash Credit

D Yeh Sekupang Credit

- 4. If the business purchase machine is on account, the double entry is
  - A debit machine, credit bank.
  - **B** debit machine, credit sales.
  - **C** debit machine, credit capital.
  - **D** debit machine, credit account payable.
- **5.** Which of the following **best** describes a trial balance?
  - A It is a special account.
  - **B** Shows all the entries in the books.
  - **C** It is a list of balances on the books.
  - **D** Shows the financial position of a business.
- 6. Which of these are **not** included in the Ledger Statement?
  - i. Balance carried up
  - ii. Balance carried down
  - iii. Balance brought up
  - iv. Balance brought down
  - A i, ii
  - B i, iii
  - C ii, iv
  - D i, ii, iii
- **7.** What is the equation for gross profit?
  - A Purchase + Sales
  - **B** Sales Purchase
  - C Sales Cost of sales
  - **D** Other income Expenses
- **8.** Why do we need to use petty cash book?
  - A To increase efficiency in cash flow.
  - **B** To pay small amount using cheques.
  - **C** The jobs have to be burden by senior clerk.
  - **D** To increase number of entries for small payments.

9. Buy lock

Which payment analysis is for the situation above?

- A Office.
- B Postage.
- C Travelling.
- **D** General Expenses.
- 10. The bank reconciliation statement shows a debit balance of RM2,470 as per the cash book unpresented cheques amounting to RM858 and a credit balance of RM1,198 as per the bank statement. What is the amount of the deposits not yet credited?
  - **A** RM414.
  - **B** RM2,130.
  - **C** RM4,526.
  - **D** RM2,810.

[10 MARKS]

#### **PART B**

This part contains **FIVE (5)** questions.

Answer ALL questions in the Answering Booklet.

## **QUESTION 1**

Complete the gaps in the following table

Liabilities	Capital	Assets
(RM)	(RM)	(RM)
34,567	(a)	45,678
43,300	85,400	(b)
(c)	32,688	67,532
85,000	(d)	215,000
25,000	190,000	(e)

Liabilities	Capital	Expenses	Assets	Revenue
(RM)	(RM)	(RM)	(RM)	(RM)
34,567	(f)	25,000	45,678	30,000
43,300	85,400	11,600	(g)	25,700
(h)	32,688	21,000	67,532	39,000
24,390	100,000	17,800	122,455	(i)
20,000	150,000	(j)	170,050	45,050

(10 marks)

## **QUESTION 2**

Mr Baron is a young entrepreneur and initiates to start a business in the resort industry. He has completed the following transactions in September 2020:

- Sept 1 Mr Baron invested RM20,000 cash and office equipment valued at RM80,000 in the business.
  - 2 Purchased RM7,000 office supplies and RM3,000 of office equipment on credit

- 3 Purchased computer RM3,000 cash
- 4 Purchased furniture RM 10,000 on credit
- 5 Paid RM10,000 cash to settled transaction on 4<sup>th</sup> November
- Pought another furniture RM13,000. RM2,000 have been paid using cash and the balance will be paid on December 2020
- Purchased photocopy machine for RM5,000. Deposit of RM1,500 have been paid and the balance will be paid on January 2021
- 9 Purchased another office supplies for RM500 cash
- 11 Purchased office table for RM1,000 on credit

## Required

Use additions and subtractions to show the effect of each transaction above under each account from the accounting equation as per table as follows:

Sept	ASSETS			LIABILITIES + OWNER EQUITY		
	Cash	Office	Office	Furniture	Creditor	Capital
		Equipment	Supplies			
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						
7						
8						
Total						
Total						

(15 marks)

#### **QUESTION 3**

Anas is a young entrepreneur and initiates to start a business in the resort industry. His hotel is known as Awaken Resort. He has completed the following transactions in September 2020:

- September 1 Anas invested RM1,000 cash and RM50,000 on cash at bank into the business.
  - 2 Purchased RM8,000 machine and RM15,000 of office equipment on credit from Zulaikha.
  - 3 Purchased computer RM3,000 by cash at bank.
  - 4 Purchased office equipment RM3,000 on credit from Mr. David.
  - 7 Purchased goods to Mohd Salah RM1500 on credit.
  - 8 Made a first sale to Vision for RM1,000 on cash
  - 12 Return RM100 faulty goods to Mohd Salah
  - 15 Paid utility RM450.00 using cash in hand.

## Required

Prepare the account for the above transactions using General journal and Ledger

(25 marks)

#### **QUESTION 4**

Below is the balances extracted from the book Maxim Café as at 31st December 2019

Particular	Amount(RM)
Sales	850,000
Purchase	428,000
Stock (1 January 2019)	14,000
Return inwards	3,200
Return outwards	2,000
Motor vehicles	345,000
Land and buildings	1,300,000
Salaries	144,000
Wages	8,700
Capital	1,650,200
Overdraft bank	80,000
Water and electricity	6,000
Discount received	520
Debtors	30,000
Creditors	32,000
Withdrawal	3,000
Petty cash	7,000
Bank	405,000
10% 20 years Maybank loan	200,000
Machine	120,000
Interest received	380
Commission	1,200
	2,815,100

## Additional information:

Closing stocks as at 31st December 2019 was RM10,200

# Requirement

a) Prepare a Trial Balance as at 31 December 2019.

(11 marks)

b) Prepare Income Statement/ Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> December 2019.

(13 marks)

c) Prepare Statement of Financial Position/ Balance Sheet as at 31st December 2019.

(6 marks)

## **QUESTION 5**

The transactions below show the cash transactions occurred in October 2020 for Achik Sdn. Bhd.

October	ber 1 Petty cash balance		RM42
		Reimburse from cashier	RM 308
2		Purchase toner	RM 45
		Purchase whiteboard	RM 50
	6	Purchase stationary	RM 23
		Made a postage to LHDN	RM 7
	8	Buy liquid paper	RM 5
		Buy stamps	RM 10
	15	Paid repair air cond	RM 70
		Paid flight ticket	RM 31
2	19	Donation to Safinah Foundation	RM 25
	21	Buy envelopes	RM 2
	22	Pay GDex for parcel sent	RM 10
	24	Bought black ink for printer	RM 20
	29	Made a postage to SOCSO	RM 6
	30	Purchase milk and sugar	RM 10

# Requirement

a) Generate a Petty Cash Book. Use Office Stationary, Travelling, Postage and General Expenses for your heading.

(10 marks)

[90 MARKS]

# **END OF QUESTION PAPER**