

KOLEJ YAYASAN PELAJARAN JOHOR FINAL EXAMINATION

COURSE NAME

PRINCIPLE OF MANAGEMENT

COURSE CODE

DHM1053

EXAMINATION

OCTOBER 2019

DURATION

3 HOURS

INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES

1. This examintaion paper consists of THREE (3) parts:

PART A (20 Marks)

PART B (60 Marks)

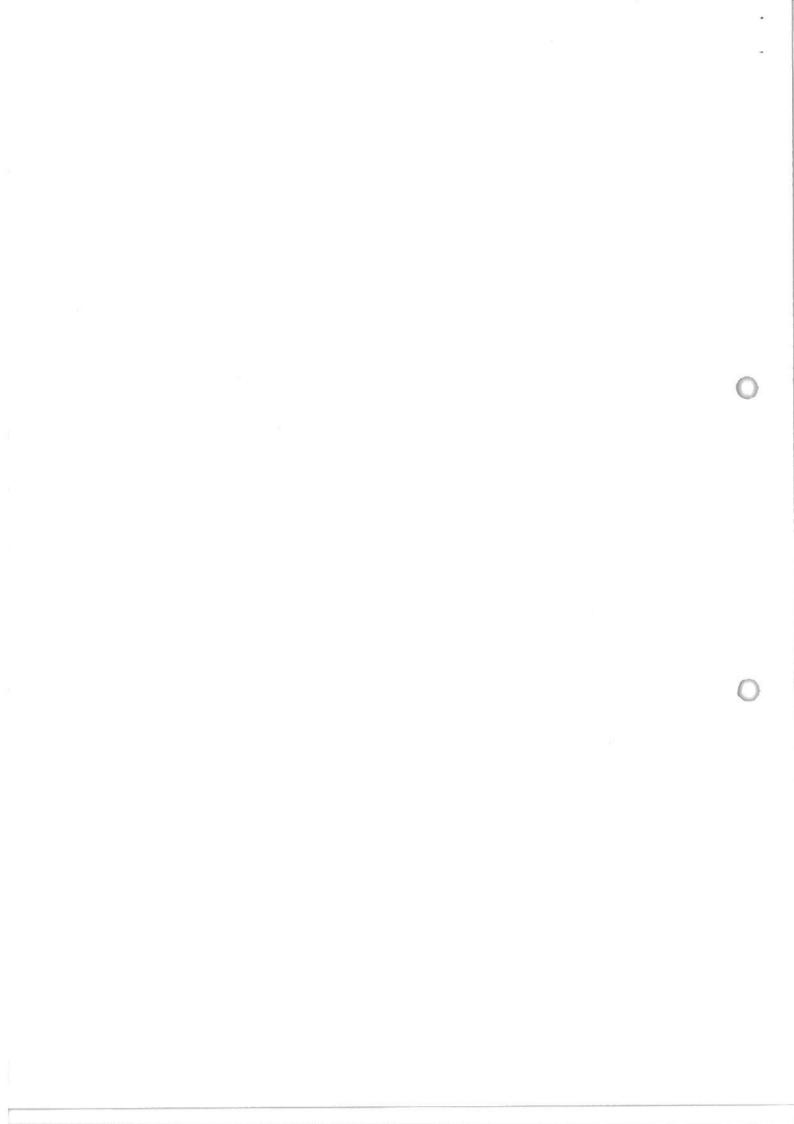
PART C (20 Marks)

- 2. Candidates are not allowed to bring any material to examination room except with the permission from the invigilator.
- 3. Please check to make sure that this examination pack consists of:
 - i. The Question Paper
 - ii. An Objective Answer Paper
 - iii. An Answer Booklet

DO NOT TURN THIS PAGE UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

This examination paper consists of 10 printed pages including front page

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PART A

This part contains TWENTY (20) questions.

Answer ALL in the Objective Answer Paper.

- Operational control is performed by a ______
 - A supervisor.
 - B top manager.
 - C middle manager.
 - D first level manager.
- 2. How many processes are there in a decision making process?
 - **A** 3
 - **B** 4
 - **C** 5
 - **D** 6
- 3. An employee communicating with his boss is communicating ______.
 - A internally
 - **B** externally
 - C horizontally
 - D vertically
- 4. _____ is was a nonverbal communication that shows the beginning and end of conversation, express emotions, and monitor feedback between people when communicating.
 - A Smiling
 - B Eye contact
 - C Body movement
 - D Facial expression

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5.	Th	e removal of unpleasant consequences following a desired behaviour is called
	В	positive reinforcement. negative reinforcement. extinction reinforcement. punishment reinforcement.
6.	oth	though planning is a primary function of management and facilitates various ner management functions, it has many barriers and limitations such as controlling cost costly process unlimited scope purchasing cost

7.	Or	ganizations	that	actively	create,	acquire	and	transfer	knowledge	withir
									his new kno	
	are	e called a _			orga	anization.				
	Α	bureaucrat	ic							
	В	learning								
	С	theory X								
	D	theory Y								

8. Which of the following is not a barrier to communication?

- A Personal barrier.
- B Location barrier.
- C Physical barrier.
- D Semantic barrier.

9.	Sta	Standard of right and wrong that influence behaviour is known as				
	Α	Ethic				
	В	Morals				
	С	Value system				
	D	Ethical behaviour				
10.	_	is a chronological sequence of steps to be undertaken to				
	en	force a policy and to attain a specific manner in which a particular activity is to				
	be	performed.				
	Α	Plan				
	В	Policy				
	С	Product				
	D	Procedure				
11.	11 is the process of deciding in advance what is to be done, where,					
	how and by whom it is to be done.					
	Α	Controlling				
	В	Leading				
	С	Organizing				
	D	Planning				
12.	W	hich of the following is not a step in the communication process?				
d	Α	A medium is selected.				
	В	Sender encodes the message.				
	С	Message is transmitted through a medium.				
	D	Receiver expresses reaction or feedback through a medium.				
13.	W	hen analysing the "W" in SWOT analysis, what might a manager be				
	ass	sessing?				
	Α	Competitor action.				
	В	Governmental action.				
	С	High turnover employee.				
	D	Good financial resource of the firm.				

4.	4. Which of the following is a of type of control?						
	Α	Pre action control.					
	В	Statustical control.					
	С	Screening control.					
	D	Post action control.					
5.	W	hich of the following is a type of decision making?					
	Α	Project.					
	В	Program.					
	C Procedures.						
	D	Non programmed.					
16.		refers to a capacity that A has to influence the behavior of B so					
	tha	at B does something he or she would not otherwise do.					
	Α	Force					
	В	Power					
	С	Push					
	D	Reflect					
17.	M	anagers are particularly interested in all of the following type of attitudes					
	ex	cept					
	Α	job turnover.					
	В	job satisfaction.					
	С	job involvement.					
	D	organizational commitment.					
18.	·	comes because the public believes in them and their ideas.					
	Α	Reward power					
	В	Promise power					
	С	Referent power					
	D	Legitimate power					

19 . C	ommunications that follow the chain of command and are classified as official			
	e known as			
Α	formal			
В	horizontal			
С	informal			
D	vertical			
20. There are three type of communications, except				

- A external.
- B horizontal.
- C internal.
- D vertical.

[20 MARKS]

PART B

This part contains FOURTEEN (14) questions.

Answer ALL questions in the Answering Booklet.

QUESTION 1

List down four (4) importance of an organization.

(4 marks)

QUESTION 2

Write down three (3) types of managerial role.

(3 marks)

QUESTION 3

Indicate three (3) basics of management skill.

(3 marks)

QUESTION 4

State five (4) motivation processes.

(4 marks)

QUESTION 5

List down five (5) common based for departmentalization.

(5 marks)

QUESTION 6

Give five (5) steps in the motivation processes.

(5 marks)

QUESTION 7

List down seven (7) characteristics of Theory X

(7 marks)

QUESTION 8

Write down five (5) comparing traits of leader and non-leader.

(5 marks)

QUESTION 9

Discuss four (4) types of grapvine chains.

(4 marks)

QUESTION 10

Identify four (4) control process.

(4 marks)

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Define controlling.

(2 marks)

QUESTION 12

Regonize four (4) types of control.

(4 marks)

QUESTION 13

Explain three (3) contemporary issues in control with example.

(6 marks)

QUESTION 14

State four (4) characteristics of Theory Y

(4 marks)

[60 MARKS]

PART C

This part contains TWO (2) questions.

Answer ALL questions in the Answering Booklet.

QUESTION 1

The most widely known and popular theory of motivation was introduced by Abraham Maslow. Maslow stated that all people possess a set of five needs in them.

Draw the five (5) needs arranged in a hierarchical order and briefly explain.

(10 marks)

QUESTION 2

Communication is transferring and understanding of meaning. A manager has to communicate to other departments or units while performing management action of planning, organizing, leading and controlling.

a. Illustrate the communication process.

(7 marks)

b. State **three** (3) reasons a manager can use to communicate in an organization.

(3 marks)

[20 MARKS]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

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