

KOLEJ YAYASAN PELAJARAN JOHOR FINAL EXAMINATION

COURSE NAME

: HOSPITALITY SALES AND

MARKETING/ HOSPITALITY

MARKETING

COURSE CODE

DHM 3153 / HMT 7153

EXAMINATION

OCTOBER 2017

DURATION

3 HOURS

INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES

This examintaion paper consists of THREE (3) parts :

PART A (20 Marks)

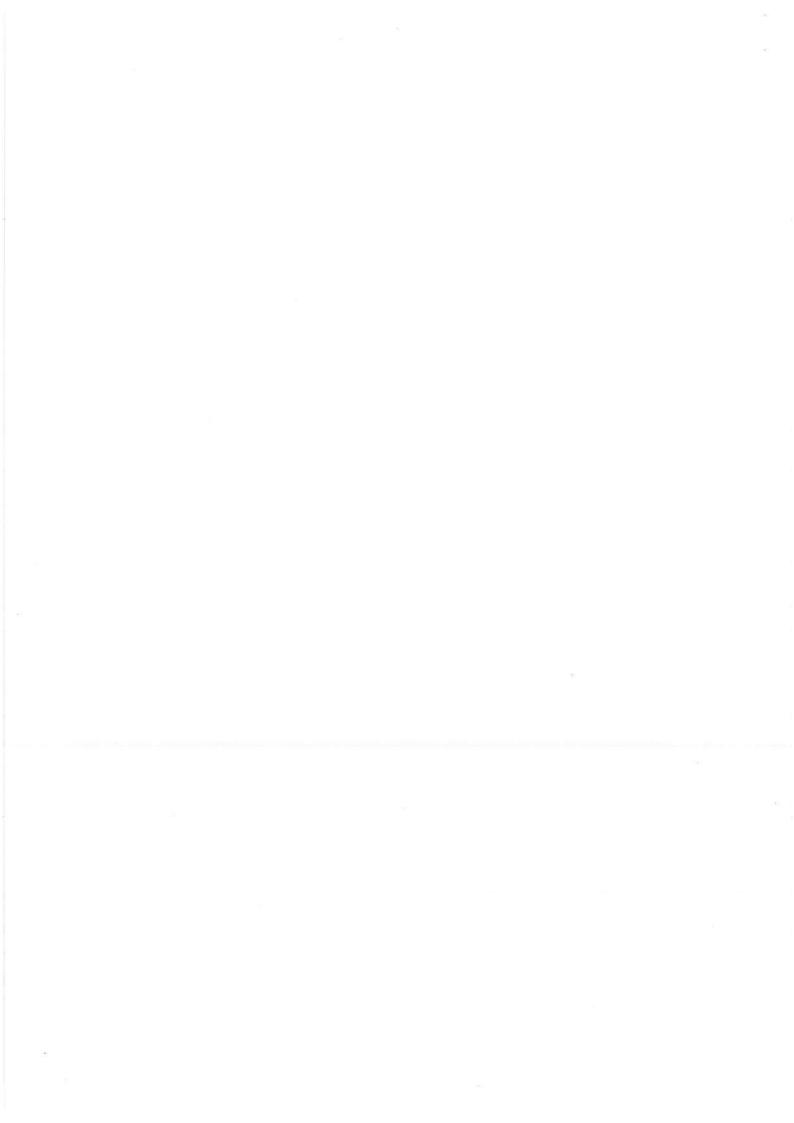
PART B (50 Marks)

PART C (30 Marks)

- 2. Candidates are not allowed to bring any material to examination room except with the permission from the invigilator.
- 3. Please check to make sure that this examination pack consist of:
 - i. Question Paper
 - ii. Objective Answer Paper
 - iii. Answering Booklet

DO NOT TURN THIS PAGE UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

This examination paper consists of 10 printed pages including front page



PART A

This part contains of **TWENTY (20)** questions.

Answer ALL in Objective Answer Paper.

- 1. Which of the following statements is true regarding marketing?
 - A. None of basic concept of marketing is that of human needs.
 - B. The first basic concept of marketing is that of human wants.
 - C. A human need is invented by marketers.
 - D. A demand is created by human needs.
- 2. The most formal definition of marketing is . . .
 - A. continuous process in satisfying customers' demands.
 - B. identify and meeting customers' needs and wants.
 - C. 4P (Product, Price, Place, Promotion)
 - D. segmenting and targeting market.
- 3. The characteristic which describes service as continuous and cannot be separate from the provider is _____.
 - A. heterogenous.
 - B. homogenous.
 - C. inseparable.
 - D. perishable.
- 4. What is benchmarking in service quality?
 - A. Comparing service quality among the similar industries.
 - B. Efficient manners in delivering service to satisfy needs.
 - C. Customers' attitude from long term perceptions.
 - D. Zone of tolerance.

- 5. What is Microenvironment?
 - A. Entities that are close to the company that affect its ability to build profitable relationships.
 - B. Formal mechanism which results to the changes in environment.
 - C. It is the smaller societal forces that affect the microenvironment.
 - D. A larger societal forces which affects the macro environment.

QUESTION 6 is based on the diagram below.

The environment which made up of institutions and other forces that affect a society's basic values, perceptions, preferences and behaviours.

Diagram 1

- 6. Which type of marketing environment is referring to the statement in Diagram 1?
 - Technological environment.
 - B. Economy environment.
 - C. Political environment.
 - D. Cultural environment.
- 7. What type of study examines how individuals or organizations select, buy, use, dispose of goods and service to satisfy their needs and wants?
 - A. Psychographic segmentation.
 - B. Consumer behaviour.
 - C. Market targeting.
 - D. Psychology.
- 8. Which of the following is the most important consumer buying organisation in society?
 - A. Married-couple household.
 - B. Single-person household.
 - C. Senior citizens.
 - D. Family.

9.	A group	of	customers	who	share	a	similar	set	of	needs,	wants	and	demands	is
	called			129										

- A. Market segment.
- B. Market group.
- C. Market class.
- D. Market slice.
- 10. In segmenting markets, all of the following would be an appropriate segment category if the family life cycle was the segmentation base, **EXCEPT**
 - A. older, married, no children under 18.
 - B. young, married.
 - C. young, single.
 - D. male, female.

QUESTION 11 is based on the diagram below.

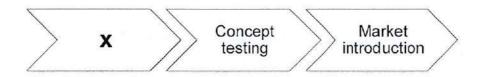


Diagram 2

11. Diagram 2 shows the flow of new product development process. X refers to

- A. marketing strategy development.
- B. idea generation.
- C. test marketing.
- D. price strategy.

12. All of the following	s are	the	characteristics	of	the	decline	stage	in	Product	Life
Cycle (PLC), EXCI	PT									

- A. some firms drop smaller market segment and marginal trade channels.
- B. as sales and profits decline, some firms withdraw from the market.
- C. some firms cut down their market offering.
- D. some firms modify their market.
- 13. Which strategy of pricing that charges pricing depending on individual values and situations?
 - A. Psychological pricing.
 - B. Exchange pricing.
 - C. Dynamic pricing.
 - D. Value pricing.
- 14. Which of these statements is refering to price skimming?
 - A. The price is set by using buyer's perceptions of value rather than seller's costs.
 - B. The price is set at higher price due to competitive advantage.
 - C. The price is set at moderate level due to economic condition.
 - D. The price is set artificially low in order to gain market share.
- 15. Which of the following is an example of external secondary information that hotel chain might use for marketing research purpose?
 - A. Suggestion card collect from guest.
 - B. Online industry report.
 - C. Guest registration data.
 - D. Occupancy forecast.

- 16. Which of the following is an example of primary hospitality market information?
 - A. Financial statements provided in annual reports.
 - B. Automated guest history record that can be shared by affiliated business.
 - C. Reservation records and registration information.
 - D. Free reception for frequent travelers in which feedback is collected.
- 17. A current trend in the hospitality industry is to build loyal customer relationships and enhance service levels by optimizing the use of?
 - A. Internet website.
 - B. Service rating advisor.
 - C. Satelite device.
 - D. Independent travel agents.
- 18. Which of the following is an example of a product in hospitality industry?
 - A. A salesperson business card.
 - B. An inquiry about flight schedules.
 - C. A confirmation letter to a customer.
 - D. A vacation package.
- 19. Several customer indicates an interest in products that the business does not currently offer. These request can be given buyers to help them to .
 - A. forecast sales.
 - B. determine what to buy.
 - C. select vendors.
 - D. research the market.

20.	In the marketing	hospitality	industry,	customers	perception	of	value	and	worth
	are often associa	ted with		·					
	A promotion								

A. promotion.

B. place.

C. profit.

D. price.

[20 MARKS]

PART B

This part contains of **TEN(10)** questions.

Answer ALL questions in Answer Booklet.



QUESTION 1

List TWO (2) types of seller in hospitality industry.

(2 marks)

QUESTION 2

Identify FIVE (5) marketing strategies upon service characteristics.

(5 marks)

QUESTION 3

Give **FIVE (5)** macroenvironment of a business firm.

(5 marks)

QUESTION 4

Briefly explain THREE (3) factors that influence consumer buying behaviour.

(6 marks)

QUESTION 5

Define the term 'market segmentation'.

(2 marks)

QUESTION 6

Draw a Product Life Cycle (PLC) diagram. Label them accordingly.

(5 marks)

QUESTION 7

Briefly describe THREE (3) strategies of pricing.

(6 marks)

QUESTION 8

Give TWO (2) importances of advertising.

(2 marks)

QUESTION 9

Identify FIVE (5) benefits of email advertising.

(5 marks)

QUESTION 10

Define sales force objective.

(2 marks)

[40 MARKS]

PART C

This part contains of FOUR (4) questions.

Answer ALL questions in Answer Booklet.

QUESTION 1

Explain thoroughly the basic core concept of sales and marketing.

(10 marks)

QUESTION 2

What is 'market targeting'? Explain THREE (3) basic categories of target market strategies.

(10 marks)

QUESTION 3

Name and describe the roles of FIVE (5) tools of the promotion mix.

(10 marks)

QUESTION 4

List and describe the major steps of effective selling in hospitality and tourism industry.

(10 marks)

[40 MARKS]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

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