

KOLEJ YAYASAN PELAJARAN JOHOR FINAL EXAMINATION

COURSE NAME

HOSPITALITY SALES & MARKETING

HOSPITALITY MARKETING

COURSE CODE

DHM 3153/DHM 2143

EXAMINATION

JUNE 2024

DURATION

3 HOURS

INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES

1. This examination paper consists of **THREE (3)**:

PART A (30 Marks)

PART B (50 Marks)

PART C (20 Marks)

- 2. Candidates are not allowed to bring any material to examination room except with the permission from the invigilator.
- 3. Please check to make sure that this examination pack consist of:
 - i. The Question Paper
 - ii. An Objective Answer Paper
 - iii. An Answering Booklet



PART A

This part contains THIRTY (30) questions.

Ans	wer ALL in Objective Answer Paper
1.	What is the main purpose of hospitality industry?
	A To get more profit
	B To build customer loyalty
	C To get a good demand from customer
	D To create and maintain satisfied and profitable customer
2.	Marketing is a process which aims at
	A producing
	B selling products
	C maximizing profits
	D satisfying customers
3.	"Many people want a TESLA but only a few can buy". This an example
	of
	A need
	B want
	C status
	D demand
.	Which of the following is not a distinct characteristic of services?
	A Variability
	B Intangibility
	C Perishability
	D Inconsistency

5.	Services cannot be seen. This describes the		
	characteristic of services.		
	A variability		
	B intangibility		
	C perishability		
	D inseparability		
6.	What is one of the elements of the marketing mix that produces revenue?		
	A Price		
	B People		
	C Product		
	D Promotion		
7.	Hilton Hotel runs a premium membership club that caters to customers whose		
	annual salary exceed RM100,000. Members of this club are offered seasonal		
	discounts on selected luxury hotels in select cities worldwide. Hilton most		
	likely follows segmentation approach.		
	A an age		
	B a loyalty		
	C an income		
	D an occupation		
8.	What is the statistics that describe a population in terms of personal		
	characteristics, such as income, age and occupation?		
	A Culture		
	B Economics		
	C Demographics		
	D Psychographic		

9.	"Many companies today are localizing their products, advertising, promotion,
	and sales efforts to fit the needs of individual regions, cities, and
	neighborhoods". This is an example of

- A branding
- B product diversification
- C geographic segmentation
- D psychographic segmentation
- 10. Nealofar decides to launch her product at CASA Hotel. She is in situation of
 - A purchase
 - **B** identify problem
 - C mass customization
 - **D** market introduction



11.

Diagram 1.0

What marketing is being applied of this product in Diagram 1.0?

- A Positioning marketing
- **B** Differentiated marketing
- C Concentrated marketing
- **D** Undifferentiated marketing
- **12**. Awareness of need or problem, information search, evaluation of alternative, purchase decision, and post purchase evaluation are the steps in

th	e	

- A segmentation variable
- B consumer decision process
- C market segmentation process
- **D** principal reason for segmentation

13.	The stage in which sales and profits decrease is called		
	A decline		
	B growth		
	C maturity		
	D introduction		
14.	is the period of time over which a product is developed,		
	brought to market and finally removed from the market.		
	A Lifecycle		
	B Product cycle		
	C Product of cycle		
	D Product life cycle		
15.	Concept product life cycle is used by and		
	professionals as a factor in deciding when it is appropriate to increase		
	advertising, reducing prices, expanding to new markets, or redesigning		
	packaging.		
	A operation, marketing		
	B operation, management		
	C management, marketing		
	D marketing, management		
	Question 16 & 17 are based on Diagram 2.0		
	?		
	Market Product screening		
	Test Concept testing		

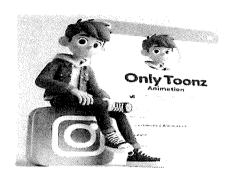
Diagram 2.0

16.	What are the first steps in the new product development process?
	A Idea Generation
	B Commercialization
	C Market introduction
	D Product development
17.	Based on Diagram 2.0 ideas generation means
	A impact on current or potential customer
	B equipment necessary to produce a new item
	C what price would customer pay for the product
	D ideas for a new product or a result from brainstorming
18.	What is a product?
	A Tangible and intangible items.
	B Anything that can be offered to a market for attention.
	C Written or oral description and a visual representation.
	D Consist of activity, benefit, or satisfaction offered for sale.
19.	If a price change results in a large change in the demand for a product, the
	product is said to have a
	A value pricing
	B low elastic demand
	C high elastic demand
	D none of the above
20.	uses buyer perception of what a product is worth, not the seller
	cost, as the key to pricing.
	A Variable cost
	B Price elasticity
	C Cost based pricing
	D Value based pricing

21.	Which pricing strategy involves setting prices based on the costs for		
	producing, distributing and selling the product plus a fair rate of return for its		
	effort and risk?		
	A Dynamic Pricing		
	B Cost-Based Pricing		
	C Competition- Based Pricing		
	D Customer Value- Based Pricing		
22.	Business also uses to interact with customers and get		
	feedback on the company, its products and services.		
	A promotion		
	B advertising		
	C social media		
	D press releases		
23.	campaigns try to influence general opinion and create a		
	favorable public image for a person, organization, or a company, its products		
	or its policies.		
	A Advertising		
	B Direct selling		
	C Public relations		
	D Sales promotion		
24.	Which of these activities helps an organization to influence a target audience?		
	A Promotion		
	B Direct selling		
	C Personal selling		
	D Public relations		

25 .		gives recipients an incentive to respond by visiting a store
	or website, calling	a toll free number, returning a form or sending an email.
	A Advertising	

- B Telemarketing
- C Personal selling
- **D** Direct marketing



26.

Social networks such as Tiktok, Instagram, YouTube and Twitter help businesses reach prospective customers.

- A advertising
- **B** telemarketing
- C personal selling
- **D** direct marketing



27.

Another form of direct marketing is ______, in which customers are called on the phone and asked directly for goods and services.

- A advertising
- **B** telemarketing
- C personal selling
- **D** teleconferencing

28 .	is the life blood of sales because it identifies potential
	customers.
	A Approach
	B Hedging
	C Churning
	D Prospecting
29.	The main purpose of a sales person contacting a prospect or customer is
	known as the
	A trial close
	B buyer profile
	C sales call objective
	D customer benefit plan
30.	Up selling technique strategies contributes to
	A observation
	B reduce wages
	C boost profitability
	D center of influence

[30 MARKS]

PART B

This part contains TEN (10) questions.

Answer ALL questions in Answering Booklet.

QUESTION 1

Interpret four (4) categories of service provider.

(4 marks)

QUESTION 2

Discover the definition of service and the characteristics of service.

(5 marks)

QUESTION 3

Illustrate five (5) microenvironments of a business firm.

(5 marks)

QUESTION 4

Distinguish five (5) factors influencing consumer behaviour.

(5 marks)

QUESTION 5

Indicate five (5) stages of the consumer buying decision process.

(5 marks)

QUESTION 6

Assess three (3) factors that can define culture in characteristics of buying behavior.

(6 marks)

QUESTION 7

Apply two (2) types of pricing approaches.

(4 marks)

QUESTION 8

Discover a Product Life Cycle (PLC) diagram. Label them accordingly.

(6 marks)

QUESTION 9

Produce three (3) strategies of pricing.

(6 marks)

QUESTION 10

Use four (4) promotion tools in hospitality marketing.

(4 marks)

[50 MARKS]

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PART C

This part contains TWO (2) questions.

Answer ALL questions in Answering Booklet.

QUESTION 1

A marketing environment encompasses all the internal and external factors that drive and influence an organization's marketing activities. Marketing managers must stay aware of the marketing environment to maintain success and tackle any threats or opportunities that may affect their work.

Classify five (5) elements in the macro component.

(10 marks)

QUESTION 2

Hotel pricing is how you optimize your property's rates to maximize occupancy and revenue. Providing guests with value for money while trying to maintain a stable bottom line and avoid being undercut by competitors is a complex task that needs constant attention if your business is to succeed.

What is price?

(2 marks)

Prepare **four (4)** situations in which they must initiate price changes or respond to price changes by competitors

(8 marks)

[20 MARKS]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

